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# Crawford Avalanche

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

VOLUME FIFTY THREE

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, MAY 28, 1931

NUMBER 22

## GRAYLING H. S. WINS LAST GAME

(By Gerald Poor)

The stage was all set for Reggie Sheehy to win his own ball game. Grayling playing West Branch, score tie, last inning, two out and the winning run on third waiting to be ferried home. "Reg" obliged all Grayling fans with a robust double into the sand bank out in left field that gave the Northern Lights a 5-4 win in the last game of the season.

It was a ball game worth seeing and quite fitting in its conclusion. Grayling has been panted from pillar to post all season, buried under lopsided scores. The team is almost entirely new material. They have stayed by their guns, practiced faithfully, and rose to the biggest test of the year to cop a game that was considered as hopelessly lost and the only question the size of the score. Staged under perfect weather conditions this seven inning fracas proved a fine reply to those who say that baseball should die as a high school sport.

As a game it was featured by the spirit of the Grayling club. They rose to situations. They were daring when it profited and managed to get by the fact that the West Branch gunners sent seventeen Grayling batters back to the bench with the call of "Strike three, batters out" sounding in their ears. They profited by seven walks and four hits, stole every base in sight and the ball game as well. The water bucket was kept under the West Branch bench.

West Branch presented a club that has played together for three years, barring a few replacements. Pitcher Sheik gave up but four hits. In four frames of the seven he fanned men for all the outs of the inning, and had two strikeouts in the seventh when the winning run counted. They got a run in the second, one in the third, another in the fifth, and their last tally in the seventh, coming from behind to tie the score. Neal of Grayling made a nice catch in the sun field of Blaicher's towering fly to end the inning.

Grayling grabbed an early lead, only to see it go glimmering as the visitors struck back savagely. The fifth proved to be the big inning. Two men were away when Harrison hit sharply and rumped around the bases. Sheik, instead of the moment, walked Gothro and Sheehy and they too, clambered across the counting station. After a scoreless sixth West Branch knotted the score at 4-all only to have Grayling count again. Harrison singled into right center with one out, galloped around to third while Gothro was striking out and came home when Sheehy belted a clean and hard hit double out into left field that won the old ball game. It was worth the winning too.

Umpires Gothro and Webb handled the game in a style satisfactory to all concerned. The weather was perfection itself.

West Branch	AB	R	H	SO
F. Blancher, ss	3	0	0	0
Garnier, lf	4	1	0	0
H. Smith, rf	4	2	3	0
Sheik, p	4	0	1	1
Stevens, 2nd	4	0	1	1
M. Blancher, cf	4	1	1	0
M. Smith, 3rd	3	0	0	2
Fuller, 1st	3	0	2	0
Rea, c	3	0	0	2
Total	32	4	8	6

Grayling	AB	R	H	SO
LaGrow, ss	4	1	1	2
Harrison, c	4	2	2	1
Gothro, 1st	4	1	0	2
Sheehy, p	4	1	1	2
H. Winterlee, 3rd	3	0	0	1
Pankow, cf	3	0	0	1
SanCartier, 2nd	3	0	0	3
Neal, lf	3	0	0	2
E. Winterlee, rf	1	0	0	1
Corwin, rf	2	0	0	2
Total	31	5	4	17

Errors, Grayling 1; West Branch 1. Winning Pitcher—Sheehy. Two out when winning run scored. Losing Pitcher—Sheik. Grayling drew 7 walks off of Sheik; West Branch 2 off of Sheehy. Umpires—Webb and Gothro.

## Golf News

Sunday would have proven a record breaker on the links had it not rained, as it was 40 played. There were several from out of town on the course Sunday including H. W. Wolff, New York City; W. J. Olson, R. Hal Benness, Detroit; E. B. Brocan, Ann Arbor; W. K. Wort, Pontiac; Dr. E. T. Kelly, W. M. Henderson, Bay City; Frank Rockwell, Gaylord. Saturday Mr. Phelps of Saginaw, Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Hunt of Lansing and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Coon, Mason, played.

The least number who played on the course any date since May 20 was 22.

Mayor J. Harry Nelson and wife of Bay City were seen on the course yesterday afternoon.

## DOINGS OF MICH. LEGISLATURE

(By Jos. A. Sturgeon)

What did the 56th session of the Michigan legislature accomplish?

The legislators who have returned home since the adjournment of last Friday are probably hearing the question more in this form: "What did you fellows do, or try to do there in Lansing?"

Before the law-makers had wound up their affairs, your correspondent asked several of them what, in their judgment was the most constructive piece of legislation enacted into law. Usually they weren't prepared to answer the question off-hand and wanted more time to think it over. Many of them frankly confessed that the enactments missed the main objectives, tax reduction and providing for the unemployment situation.

No Savings Made.

The state budget, as adopted in the final stages of the session, is the highest ever reached and it is further increased by the provisions for extra revenue from other sources. The amount raised for the current fiscal year was \$29,500,000. For 1932, the legislature placed the amount at \$30,215,000 and for the year following, 1933, \$29,218,000. There is also the deficiency bill amounting to \$5,645,431.22, to be made up over the two-year period.

Extra revenue for the state, provided for by new laws, include:

The malt tax, estimated to raise not less than \$2,000,000, and the money to be used to build a new Northern Michigan Tuberculosis sanatorium, costing about \$400,000. The balance of the money is to go towards a deficit the state owes present sanatoriums for the care of indigent TB patients, and for the care of such patients in the next two years.

The motor registration fee, affecting every driver, about two million in number, will bring in another two million, less the cost of examining the drivers and for the collection.

Trout fishermen, under the Teagan bill which was passed in the closing session, will be compelled to pay \$1.75 for a rod license, a raise of 75 cents and estimated to bring in another \$50,000. Deer hunters will pay \$3.50 instead of \$2.50, this to bring in about half million or more.

The additional tax to be imposed by the Green truck bill will bring in several thousands of dollars for the highway funds.

Many Tax Proposals.

Proposals for many forms of new taxation featured the session. The House originated most of these schemes, passed some of them and these travelled as far as the Senate, to die in committee. At one time during the session when one of his tax proposals was being turned down decisively, Rep. McBride of Shiawassee made the statement that he wanted a vote on the measure, as he did on all the others, because the aim was to see which form was most popular, by a process of elimination.

(Continued on last page)

## MEMORIAL



O day of days! Flower-crowned, bright with the light Of pride and victory, and yet with half-veiled face And tear-filled eyes, you hold a new significance! Today, this lovely earth, in all its May-time blossoming, Bears not enough of tender dew-wet bloom To cover graves, both old and new, nor strew The meaning, restless seas in memory Of our brave dead.

O birds, sing out your gladdest, merriest tunes! You cannot stir the dead in their long, dreamless sleep. But you may cheer sad ones who kneel Beside the graves; or hearten those whose loved ones rest In a far land; where other hands than theirs Must place an offering.



## WANTS TO SEE THE AU SABLE

EDITOR NEA SERVICE INVITED TO CANOE TRIP

Anyone having ever taken a canoe trip down the mighty AuSable river is usually so thrilled that he wants his friends to also take the trip. That's the case with T. F. Marston, secretary East Michigan Tourist Association.

Now Mr. Marston has enthused Kenneth Duncan, editor Bay City Times to take such a trip, and the two of them have invited Herbert W. Walker, editor of the National Editorial service, Cleveland, to join them. Also Mr. Martin, creator of "Boots and Her Buddies" comic strip used in the newspapers, has been asked to join in the plans.

These two outstanding nationally known newspaper men and Mr. Duncan, who is well known in Michigan certainly would get a big thrill on such an outing. Here is one trip that never fails to please. And who could be keener in his appreciation of the beauty, the majesty and the magnitude of the AuSable River than a group of men of the press. Their coming here would mean a "whale" of a lot of publicity for Grayling.

We trust there isn't anything going to interfere with the consummation of this proposed outing.

## STORES TO CLOSE DECORATION DAY

Mayor C. O. McCullough announces that the local stores will close on Decoration day to enable the public to attend the memorial day services in the forenoon or to attend to the decoration of the graves of relatives and friends.

## HANDICRAFT CONTEST A BIG SUCCESS

The Handicraft contest, held at Danesbod Hall and sponsored by the Red Arrow merchants, attracted much attention Tuesday and Wednesday.

The prizes were awarded according to the kind and class of work brought in. There were on display many beautiful and elaborate pieces of embroidery, some of which were made in Scandinavia from homespun thread. Nels Nielsen entered some splendid exhibits of his skill as a cabinet maker, a chair and bench being very finely upholstered. Two attractive paintings by an eight year old girl deserve mention as well as a box carved with a jack-knife by Clare Madson. A knitted bedspread, containing twenty pounds of wool yarn, attracted quite a great deal of notice, while a multi-colored rag rug made by Mrs. Severin Jensen, a lady eighty-two years old, was awarded a first prize. A table of garments on display, made by Seventh and Eighth grade girls, showed their ability as seamstresses. A bonnet belonging to the late Mrs. Oscar Palmer, dated back before 1840, was entered. The inlaid clock belonging to Chas. Wilber won a first prize. Some old pictures of Grayling and a few old relics of the lumberjack days aroused a great deal of interest.

The Ladies Aid of the Danish Lutheran church served coffee and cake on both days.

A former Governor of Michigan has adopted his secretary as his daughter. He says: "She has achieved all she has done without learning to use lipstick or rouge, or to smoke or to drink or to swear." The honor was not misplaced, but the lady's new parent is 72, and out of politics. If he were younger and still in the game, he would take no chance of having to run on an anti-lipstick platform.

## STRANGE AS IT SEEMS—By John Hix



## SENIORS ENJOY SKIP DAY

(By Jerome Kessler)

Bright and early Friday morning, seven cars were ready to carry the Seniors of G. H. S. to the various towns and villages in north-western Michigan, which, when completed, would leave behind the memories that another skip day had been enjoyed by another senior class of Grayling High School.

The first part of the journey ended at Kalkaska, where all were to meet and start out together. But due to the misunderstanding of a few, that decided to hurry on ahead, the trip was in a sort of hubbub for a few hours. Due to some bad information received from one of the honorable Kalkaska farmers, two cars, Mr. Burns' and Joe Brady's, were directed on the wrong road, and ended up at Petoskey instead of the destination which was Traverse City. As one of the mighty Seniors had just run two stoplights and was in the process of passing a car under a third, the Chief of Police of Traverse City, stepped into the street and motioned him to stop.

This lilly-white individual sat very calmly and prepared to take the information very quietly. The cop stepped up to the car and asked the question: "Are you from Grayling?" and a weak little voice from behind the driver's wheel answered "Yes." So the cop proceeded to inform the erring Senior that a Mr. Burns of Petoskey had called and wanted all the cars to be at the Cushman Hotel for a one o'clock dinner. All arrived in due time and a good meal was enjoyed.

At about 2:15 the bunch started for Mackinaw City by way of Harbor Springs and the Shore Drive. This drive proved to be very interesting and much time was spent looking over the beautiful summer homes. We had another grand reunion at the Senate Cafe in Cheboygan at about 6:00 o'clock, where we had a lunch and then rode around the city until time for the J-Prom. Some attended the dance and some went to the show.

At about eleven o'clock the mighty Seniors set out for home, arriving between one and two o'clock Saturday morning which closed a very memorable day, that never again could be lived by this Senior Class.

## FREDERIC GRADUATION JUNE 4

CLASS BOASTS SIX GRADUATES

Frederic High School will hold their annual commencement exercises in their school auditorium on Thursday evening, June 4. Following is the program that will be presented at 8:00 o'clock:

Song, "Commencement"—Chorus. Salutatory—Beatrice Murphy. President's Address, "The Mechanical Age"—Clare Corsaut. Class History, "Tales of High School Days"—Fay Murphy. Class Speech of 1931—Alice Arnold. Class Will, "World's Greatest Legacy"—Kendall Welch. Song, "Frederic Forever"—Chorus. Class Prophecy, a reading—Beatrice Murphy. Address—Rev. J. W. Greenwood. Valedictory—Ethel Barber. Song, "Graduation"—Chorus.

## DEPT. TRANSFERRING FINGERLINGS

More than four and a half million trout fingerlings are being transferred from hatcheries to trout feeding stations.

These fish will be fed during the summer, to be released in the public waters after September 1 as advanced fish from four to seven and a half inches long.

An unusually rapid growth of trout has been observed this spring in hatcheries having spring water supplies in which the temperature ranges from 45 to 47 degrees. Many of these trout are now two inches in length.

The Baldwin and White River stations have been considerably enlarged, the Baldwin station having accommodations for about twice as many fingerlings as in former years. The Fish Division has announced that feeding stations will be stocked this year as follows:

Baldwin, 500,000 brook, 300,000 brown and 200,000 rainbow trout. White River, 450,000 brook trout. Pentwater, 400,000 brown trout. Silver Creek (Harrisville), 300,000 brook trout. Jordan River, 250,000. Rapid River, 200,000. Sturgeon River, 300,000. Bear Creek, 225,000. Platte River, 250,000. Tobacco River, 350,000. Ontonagon River, 300,000. Eckerman (Tahquamenon River) 400,000.

## CHILDRENS' DAY JUNE 7TH

The entire community looks forward from year to year to this annual event in the programme of the Church, known as Children's Day. This year it is being held on June 7th. Elaborate decorations are being planned, a clever play entitled "The Hidden Treasure" is being prepared; and all the little folks take active part in the programme. The minister of the Church extends to all the parents who desire baptism for their children to bring them to this service. It is urgently hoped that in a very real way this will be a true Children's Day and that it will prove to be the commencement exercises in the life of the Church School.

Let us not forget the date—June 7, and the hour—11 A. M.

## MERCY HOSPITAL TO GRADUATE 2

EXERCISES TO BE HELD AT SCHOOL AUDITORIUM JUNE 5TH

The Sisters of Grayling Mercy Hospital, and the graduating class of 1931 cordially invites the public to attend the commencement exercises to be held on Friday evening, June 5th at the High School auditorium, beginning at 8:00 o'clock.

Miss Faye Matheson, daughter of Editor and Mrs. D. E. Matheson of Roscommon and Miss Clarice Welch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Welch of Frederic are the members of the class having completed their three years course.

Following is the program that will be rendered on that evening:

Processional—Orchestra. Overture—Orchestra. Address of Welcome—Mr. T. W. Hanson, Chairman. Duet—Mrs. Milnes, Mrs. Jarmin. Address to Graduates—Rev. J. W. Greenwood. Selection—Orchestra. Address—Rev. E. A. McCarthy. Selection—Ladies Quartette. Address—Hon. Roy O. Woodruff. Conferring of Diplomas and Pins—Dr. C. R. Keyport, assisted by Billyann Clippert. Nightingale Pledge—Class of 1931. Recessional—Orchestra. Reception.

## GRAYLING DAIRY PLANS MANY IMPROVEMENTS

Amos Hunter, the new proprietor of the Grayling Dairy announces that he is purchasing the entire supply of cream from the William J. Woodburn farm, in Maple Forest.

What kind of cream is this? It comes from a very fine herd of Guernsey cows. Woodburns have one of the best of dairy barns. The cows are always clean and always have clean beds of straw. Woodburns, having made a study of scientific dairying, have eliminated every adverse factor in the production of clean milk and cream. Their separator is washed and sterilized twice a day, assuring cleanliness. The cream is properly cooled and in about an hour and a half after leaving their farm it is in the icebox at the Grayling Dairy. Mr. Hunter says the cream is well known around our community.

There are many other improvements and redecorations which will be carried out as fast as possible.—Advertisement.

## TO BE HOSTS TO AM. LEGION MEN

CONVENTION OF 8TH AND 10TH DISTRICTS HERE JUNE 14

Grayling Post 106 American Legion are making plans to entertain some 100 visitors on Sunday, June 14 when members of the 8th and 10th districts will convene here for their district convention.

The Officers Club at Lake Margrethe will be headquarters for the visitors during the day and this alone will be one of the delightful features of the gathering. A lumberjack feed to be served by Peter Lovely at the mess hall will be another big feature. The last such district meeting was held in Bay City at which time Post Commander Alfred Hanson tendered the invitation which was gladly accepted.

## 10 MILLION PEOPLE TO VISIT PARKS

Ten million people, more than twice the population of Michigan, will visit the state's parks this season. That is the estimate made by the Parks Division of the Conservation Department, and based on past attendance records.

The total attendance for all of the parks last year was 8,891,880, an increase of 19 percent over the previous year. The figure for 1929 was 7,454,741, representing an increase of 39 percent over 1928. If last year's increase is maintained the 1931 season will record 10,229,000 visitors.

The number of visitors and campers at the parks is largely dependent upon the weather. In normal seasons the increase has averaged 15 to 20 percent. The large increase in 1929 was due to the unusually warm summer.

## Michelaon Memorial Church

John Wilfred Greenwood, Minister

Sunday, May 31, 1931  
11 A. M. Sermon by the Pastor. Theme: "The Poor Rich Man."  
7:30 P. M. No evening service. All members of the official board are invited to spend the evening at the parsonage to transact necessary business and for an hour of social fellowship together.

Teach the Boys to Shoot.  
Gentle Jesus, meek and mild,  
Look upon a little child,  
May I soon grow up to be  
The finest shot on land or sea.

Make me love Thee more and more,  
Teach my tender hands to war;  
May my bayonet be bright,  
Or dripping crimson in Thy sight.

Drive my bullets hard and straight,  
Help me sing Thy hymn of hate,  
May I kill mine enemies—  
Thy brethren dear, the least of these.

Let me be soldier true;  
Let me do what Thou wouldst do,  
Spreading deadly gas around,  
Making earth Thy hallowed ground.  
Amen.

—Selected.  
The supply of odd jobs for girls is reported to be normal again. Most parents find that the great difficulty lies in getting girls to take a normal attitude toward odd jobs, particularly those of the household.

## Planning a Home?

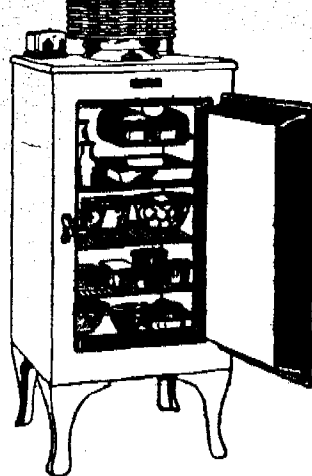
The first step toward economy and permanency in building is a consultation with this office. We can advise you; counsel you concerning the best types of lumber and building material to use.

See us if you contemplate any building.

GRAYLING BOX CO.

Phone 62

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## CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

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THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1931

## WHO SPENDS THE MONEY?

A number of self-styled economists have been heard of late in the discussion of what makes taxes high. One Judge Lucy of Detroit, who by the way is secretary to Senator James Couzens, multi-millionaire, who has much wealth but avoids the tax roll, has been quoted frequently and fluently on the subject of the necessity of merging township and counties and school districts in the rural sections of the state and more especially in the sparsely settled regions of the north. He has not yet mentioned that it is only in Wayne and Oakland and adjoining counties that bankruptcy is imminent in municipal circles. And then one Mr. Ayres, claiming to speak for certain real estate interests, has taken up the cry when Judge Lucy became short of breath. These gentlemen have been ably supported by John Lovett, lobbyist deluxe, and his able colleagues of the "Gallery of the Gods."

The Indiana plan of controlling municipal and school budgets was pounced upon by the Michigan Farm Bureau as a life saver and was immediately dragged forth by the combined efforts of Wayne Newton, farm bureau tax specialist and his fellow lobbyists representing the entrenched interests of the state. All of which has served to provide a most effective smoke screen but all of which has not resulted in any real relief for the over-burdened taxpayer.

What may we expect from state control of tax spending? We have heard much about the extravagant waste of public money by township, school district, city and county officials. Will we gain by state control or by county unit of education in turn controlled by state authority? Shall we apply some test to determine the possible result of what these learned gentlemen are contending for?

The best way it would seem would be to apply the test right at home. In Mason the two high taxes are for school and city purposes.

When our school burned ten years ago, who forced the taxpayers of Mason into spending three times what the original structure cost? The state department of education.

Who forced the county to build a new jail at a cost of \$175,000, \$2,000 for each inmate. The state department of welfare.

Who forced the county to spend a quarter million dollars to provide quarters for its paupers, \$2,000 per bed? The same department.

Why did Ingham spend nearly half a million for a new tuberculosis hospital? Because expensive plans were adopted after state health officials insisted upon them.

What is bothering the city council right now? The problem of how to finance the operation of the city sewage disposal plant. Who told the city officials that pollution of Sycamore creek was killing the fish? A certain state department. Who dictated the methods of disposal? The state board of health. If every fish which ever lived in Sycamore creek from the day the first settler of Mason located here until this day, was sold at a dollar a pound, the money received would not operate the plant now that it has been built. Are Mason officials to be held responsible when the state dictates what we do and how and how much we are to pay for it?

A great deal has been said about the state tax being but 11% of the whole. Very true but how much of the county tax is obligated before ever the supervisors meet? A supervisor may be elected and approach his task with every sincerity and every ability and yet when he has exercised every economy and used every effort to cut down on expense he finds that more than one-half of the actual expenditures are made by some board or some official set up by statute over whom he has no control and whose official acts cost heaps of money. Out of \$449,100 set up in the 1930 county budget for current expense, exactly \$76,700 is subject to control by the board of supervisors who are faced with the responsibility of levying the tax.

Many expenditures made by townships and cities are determined by legislative mandate and not by the judgment of the officials complained of.

It is a lot easier to make a pretty speech than to assemble facts. What Michigan needs is not more centralized control but a return of responsibility to the officials elected now being held by some official appointed by someone not responsible to the people. —Mason News.

ACCORDING to agreement, J. C. Peterson, of Cadillac, contractor, and James W. Perkins, state superintendent of the asphalt works at Grayling, are to rebuild the Michigan road payment that they put in last October. Due to the excessive weather that came on suddenly just as they were putting on

the dressing, according to these men, the road was spoiled, and a decided failure. On November 3rd these men appeared before the village council and agreed that they would reconstruct the highway in the spring. Well, spring is here and almost gone and still nothing has been done to fix the road. Just now that part of the street, from the Court yard to the Fish hatchery corner, is just about the toughest street to ride on that there is in Grayling, barring none. No doubt these men will fulfill their promise, but they will have to hurry if they get it done this spring as agreed.

MANY a departed relative and friend would go unthout of were it not for Decoration day. America is richer for this occasion. It renews memories, warms the heart and leaves sympathetic tenderness among those who still retain memories of those who once were among us. Departed parents, departed children, departed relatives and friends—some time during that day let us give some time in their memory. Life will be sweeter and dearer for having done so.

William Anderson spent the week end visiting Chris Olson.

Dr. Emmet Kelly, of Bay City, visited Dr. Green over the week end.

Miss Lucille Hanson returned the last of the week after several days spent in Detroit.

Freeman Champion, oxfords for young men, at 4 and 5 dollars, at Olson's.

Dance, Frederic Town Hall every Saturday night. Good music, good floor and lots of room. Everyone invited.

The trains began running on the new schedule, Monday, making the hours much more convenient for mail service.

Straw hat season is on—Grayling Mercantile Co. say so in their advertisement this week, and that means its so.

Grayling Lumberjacks will play Roscommon on the latter's diamond Sunday, Saturday afternoon they will play Frederic on the home lot.

Dr. Jenkins of the Presbyterian board of education and Dr. Poole of the Methodist board of education were callers at the J. W. Greenwood home Tuesday.

Do you wish to sell your home? Let us know; we may be able to find a buyer. Small, modern homes are in demand just at this time. O. P. Schumann, realtor. Phone 111.

Mrs. John Clark and children of Watervliet visited her husband here over the week end. Mrs. Clark has rented a house in Roscommon, and will reside there for the present.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert W. Wolf of New York arrived in Grayling Saturday to open their summer home, Wolf's Den, at Lake Margrethe. They were week end guests in town of Mr. and Mrs. Marius Hanson.

Wanted—A party to furnish capital to complete an invention of a motor that needs no gas, water or spark plugs, for an interest therein.

A. J. Dittich, Grayling, Mich. 4-23-tf.

General Parker of Chicago, Gen. Wilson, Col. Pearson and a number of other higher-up military officials will meet at the Officers club house here next Monday for a couple of days' conference.

Memorial Day will be observed by Grayling Post No. 106 with services to be held at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon. All ex-service men of the county or any out-of-town visitors are asked to join in the service. Meet at the Hall.

Mrs. Maguire Dupree was called to Grand Rapids last week by the death of her son Arthur's wife, who was accidentally drowned while swimming in a lake there. Besides the husband two small children survive.

There will be a meeting of the local Red Cross chapter at the Board of Trade rooms, Tuesday afternoon, June 2nd, beginning at 3:30 o'clock. All interested in the work—the Crawford county chapter is doing will please make it a point to be present.

Mrs. Herb Gothro and daughter Ellen, Mrs. Leo Jorgenson and Miss Mabel Brasie attended the sixth Rebekeah district meeting held in the Westminster church at Rogers City, last Monday. They were delegates from the Grayling Lodge No. 352.

C. R. King attended the I. O. O. F. Grand Encampment of Michigan, as a delegate from No. 160, Grayling Encampment, held at the Hotel Statler, Detroit, from Monday to Thursday. The parade and drill was held Wednesday at Belle Isle. Owosso was chosen as the location for next year's convention. Mrs. King and Miss Helen accompanied Mr. King and they also spent some time in Port Clinton, Ohio, Flint, Jackson and Hillsdale.

Mrs. Herbert Dodge, of Frederic, age 70 years old, passed away at Mercy Hospital Saturday night, having entered the Hospital during the day seriously ill. The remains were taken to the family home Sunday and funeral services held Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Dodge was held in high esteem by her neighbors and friends and her sudden demise was a shock to them. She and her husband, who survives her, had resided in Frederic for many years.

Rialto Theatre  
(GRAYLING)

Saturday, May 30th (only)  
Warner Oland  
in  
"CHARLIE CHAN CARRIES ON"

Sunday and Monday, May 31st  
and June 1st  
Leslie Howard and Conchita Montenegro  
in  
"NEVER THE TWAIN SHALL MEET"

Tuesday and Wednesday, June 2-3  
"PALS NIGHT" Two admissions for the price of one.  
Warner Baxter  
in  
"DOCTOR'S WIVES"

Thursday and Friday, June 4-5  
Claudette Colbert and Frederic March  
in  
"HONOR AMONG LOVERS"

## Local Happenings

## Tyroleans Go in Fear

of Whimsical Goddess  
Perhaps the quaintest survival of Norse mythology is the dance performed in honor of the goddess Perchta, said to be the consort of Wodin and mother of the gods. In certain districts of Austria the goddess is still a vivid personality and held in veneration and great fear. She is believed to have a duplex nature which is manifested at certain times with showers of blessings and at other times with curses. At all times she is said to be surrounded by her followers or "spirits of the air" and neither she nor her followers are supposed to be seen except at certain times of the year. These dances are given just before Lent, at Easter and about St. John's day in the Pongau and Pinzgau districts of the Austrian Alps. It originated among the Tyrolese mountaineers with the intention of worshipping and at the same time placating her in her vindictive mood. Those who take part in it dress to represent her double nature, some are gracious and gentle, and dress to represent the beautiful, and others are spiteful and vindictive and dress to represent the wild and malicious.

Oldest School in England  
Like all superlative claims there are those who doubt that the King's Grammar school at Canterbury is the oldest, but the evidence points out that it was established in A. D. 597, by the Bishop Felix. Lovers of Dickens will recall that he claimed it to be the oldest, when he sent David Copperfield there. To Dickens, who has perhaps given elsewhere pictures of the worst school in England, the King's school was the ideal school: "a grave building in a courtyard with a learned air about it that seemed very well suited to the stray rooks and jackdaws who came from the cathedral towers to walk with a clerical bearing on the grass plot."

Life Story of Kiss  
The kiss developed out of the primitive habit of rubbing noses with a man who was your equal in the social scale. If you met a superior, then you rubbed his face with your nose.

Boxing the Compass  
To box the compass means, in nautical language, to recite in consecutive order the points of the mariner's compass. The points from north to east are as follows: North, north one-half east, north by east, north east one-half east, north east, north east one-half east, north east by east, east one-half east, east, east one-half east, east by north, east one-half north, east.

Board of Review Meeting  
Grayling Township Board of Review will meet at Grayling TOWN HALL ON JUNE 8TH AND 9TH beginning at 9:00 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of reviewing the assessment roll. This is the time and place to register complaints if you are not satisfied with your assessed taxation.

A. J. NELSON, Supervisor.

WASHINGTON WANTED—Family or piece. I need the work and will do it at reasonable prices. Mrs. Ella Sammons, first door back of M. E. church.

## CHEVROLET WORKING 5 1/2 DAY WEEK

All plants of the Chevrolet Motor Company are now operating an average of five and one-half days a week, with workers back on a full-time basis, W. S. Knudsen, president and general manager, announced Saturday.

The total company payroll is now in excess of 36,000 employees and some plants are on a heavier productive basis than at any time since the fall of 1929, Mr. Knudsen said.

Production operations are divided into car assembly and parts manufacturing activities. The manufacturing group, comprising eleven plants, are now operating an average of six days and five nights a week, while the assembly plants, of which there are nine strung across the country, are now on a five and one-half day week basis. This is normal for both groups.

As an unemployment aid, the company's policy last winter was to increase the number of men employed as soon as those on the payrolls averaged forty hours of work a week. At the current high rate of operations, however, plant workers are now averaging fifty hours a week. New workers have been added to the payrolls for several consecutive weeks, although only previous employees of the company are being hired.

Current operations are generally at a higher rate than at any time since last May, Mr. Knudsen said.

NOW THE GOOSE WEARS BRACELETS

This spring Willard Ferguson trapped at the South Flats of the Muskogee River, a Canada Goose that had been banded by Jack Miner in Ontario, Canada; and a few days later Jack Miner caught a wild goose that had been tagged by Ferguson.

The record as received by the Department of Conservation is as follows:

On April 6, 1930, Ferguson marked a wild goose with Biological Survey Band "A669-775." April 6, 1931, exactly a year later, Miner trapped this bird at his sanctuary near Kingsville and put one of his bands on the bird so that it now bears two "bracelets."

This spring among the geese captured by Ferguson was one which Jack Miner had trapped and banded in the fall of 1928, more than two years ago.

Evidently the wild geese zig-zagged across the country on their northward migration or they chose new routes these years.

Ferguson banded 30 geese a year ago and more this year. Of those banded in 1930, five were reported as having been killed by hunters last fall; three in Illinois, one in Indiana and one in North Carolina. Ferguson has also banded several hundred ducks, working in cooperation with the State Department of Conservation.

HONEY HIGH IN FOOD VALUE  
Honey is one of the best of the high energy-producing foods, says the United States Department of Agriculture. Because it is composed almost entirely of simple sugars it can be assimilated with ease. Most sugars require action by the gastric and intestinal secretions to break them down into simple sugars similar to those occurring naturally in honey.

Because it is easily assimilated, honey is of importance where normal digestive activities have been impaired by disease or old age. Honey can be utilized by the body without placing much of a burden on an enfeebled digestive tract and is also recognized as a valuable food for babies and young children.

Honey is especially good in the diet of athletes. The rapid absorption of the simple sugars of honey replaces the sugars in the blood and muscles that have been burned by strenuous exercise.

Connecticut votes for a referendum on the Eighteenth Amendment. It seems as though nutmeg used to be an ingredient of a potent pre-Volstead drink, and Connecticut has been accused of making wooden nutmegs. Her wet stand may indicate simply a desire to restore a nutmeg from which the bottom had been scooped.

Fashion Favors Plaid  
Plaid for every occasion is the latest fashion edict. The model shown is a crepe frock in brown and white plaid, with it are worn white shoes and white hat. The pocketbook is also white.

SOVIET RUSSIA, as personified by Maxim Litvinov, its commissar of foreign affairs, had the time of its young life at Geneva where the international commission of inquiry into Britain's European union project was sitting. Litvinov, a Russian, founded Arthur Henderson, Briland, Dino Grandi and the rest of the commissioners by the calm statement that their "capitalistic" governments were ruining themselves and the rest of the world by selling goods dear at home and cheap abroad—in other words, by dumping. And he then with equal calmness denied flatly that the Soviet government had been guilty of this pernicious practice, though generally accused of it. Russia, he asserted, had done just a little friendly exporting.

"It is perfectly obvious that low prices cannot be regarded as indicating dumping," he declared. "If, however, by dumping is understood a policy of high monopolist prices in the home markets and cut prices for export, it will be found precisely that it is the capitalist countries which are guilty in this respect."

The Soviets, continued the commissar, are eager to help in bringing to an end the present economic depression, and on their behalf he offered two suggestions for the consideration of the commission. The first of these was that the European powers adopt a convention pledging themselves to compulsory sale in the home markets at prices no higher than on foreign markets. The Soviets, Litvinov said, would sign such a convention. He asserted that it would raise the buying power of the masses and help them absorb overproduction.

His second proposal was this: In order to remove the atmosphere of mistrust and jealousy that has been aggravating the crisis, all nations should sign a pact of "economic non-aggression" along the same lines as the Kellogg pact outlawing war. The draft of a protocol of such a pact was submitted to the delegates. It called for a general customs truce, among other things.

In the first sessions of the commission the question of the proposed Austro-German customs accord was brought up, and the pact was vigorously and skillfully defended by Dr. Julius Curtius, German foreign minister, and Johann Schober, Austrian vice-chancellor. The British and French insisted that the accord should be submitted to the World court for an opinion as to whether it violated the post-war treaties, and the council of the League of Nations ordered this done. The council has selected Arthur Henderson as chairman of the 1932 disarmament conference.

THERE has been of late much discussion as to whether conditions in the United States justified a general cut in wages, and what the effect of such a move would be. Secretary of Labor Donahoe took a hand in the debate with a statement to the effect that any move on the part of industry to lower wages would be considered a violation of confidence by the administration because of the agreement to maintain wage scales which President Hoover obtained from the industrial leaders late in 1929. In the event of wage reductions, he declared, organized labor would be justified in demanding higher pay and in opposing the move by strikes.

Mr. Donahoe added that so far as he knew, no leader of industry has proposed a reduction in wages. Such suggestions, he said, have come from bankers, and are based on the opinion that workers' pay should be lowered to conform to the low price levels which have resulted from the depression. He attributed the current controversies between workers and employers to the expiration of agreements, and added that in nearly every case the difficulties have been amicably settled. Six impending strikes, which were brought to the attention of the Labor department the previous week, were averted by the department's conciliation service, and in every case a return to the existing wage scale was effected.

IN LONDON the world grain conference was trying to find the remedy for the crisis in the agricultural world brought on by the immense overproduction of wheat. Samuel R. McKelvie, member of the American farm board, told the delegates the first thing was to slash acreage to conform to consumption needs, and submitted the results of a study of the situation of increasing surpluses and falling prices. Speaking from the American standpoint, he said: "We see no possibility of a satisfactory solution of the

world wheat problem which does not include, as the most important single element, curtailment of production in exporting countries, individually and as a whole, until a better adjustment between supply and disposition can be effected, and restraint upon fresh expansion of production thereafter."

As a material aid toward relieving overburdened markets McKelvie urged every possible means of consumption expansion and suggested abolition by European importing countries of their protective tariffs, milling regulations and preferential prices for domestic wheat.

WHEN the directors of the World Bank for International Settlements met in Basel, Switzerland, they heard from Gates W. McGarrath, its president, that the deposit of the institution have gone past the \$400,000,000 mark. This sum is far in excess of the expectations, and it clearly shows, according to the belief there, that the world bank is becoming something more than a mere depository for the central banks of various nations, as that even if the reparations payments should later be put on some other basis, or cease entirely, the bank



M. Litvinov

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would still be certain to continue to function.

The bank has consented to help in putting the Austrian bank, Creditanstalt, back on its feet but it was decided that the initiative must come from the League of Nations committee for control of Austrian loans.

AS WAS predicted, the War Department has decided to abandon wholly or in part 53 surplus forts, camps and reservations. In the list announced by Secretary Hurley are Fort Lincoln, N. D.; Fort Missoula, Mont.; Fort Eustis, Va.; Fort D. A. Russell, Texas; Fort Brown, Texas; Fort Hunt, Va.; Camp Garry J. Jones, Ariz.; Miller Field, N. Y., and Chanute Field, Ill. Of course the abandonment of these posts may be prevented by indignant congressmen.

HOW the American army is to be reorganized, developed and modernized was described in an announcement by Gen. Douglas MacArthur, chief of staff. The plans set forth include extension of mechanization and motorization throughout the army, the revamping of the cavalry arm by the substitution of fighting machines for horses, and the development of powerful tank forces to be attached to army corps or field armies, rather than the infantry, which remains the basic arm.

Some cavalry units with horses as mounts will be retained for use in rough country, but in general the horse as a war weapon is discarded. The mechanized force at Fort Eustis will be reorganized a reinforced cavalry regiment. Combat cars, equipped with machine guns and possibly heavier weapons, which can travel 70 miles an hour on hard roads, are counted on to give the cavalry high mobility.

Despite the more extensive use of machines, the infantry will remain the backbone of the army, according to General MacArthur's program.

HOOPER dam across Boulder canyon of the Colorado river is within the law and work on the huge project can go ahead. So ruled the Supreme court of the United States in deciding that the act of congress authorizing the construction was constitutional and dismissing the bill of complaint of the state of Arizona. The court, however, declared that Arizona had shown that it might be injured by the distribution of water from the reservoir to be created and that it therefore has the right to make further appeals for relief should its rights be impaired.

In another case, that of Yetta Stromberg, youthful communist, the Supreme court held invalid that clause of California's "red flag" law which makes it a felony to "display any red flag or other device in any public place or from any building as a sign, symbol or emblem of opposition to organized government or as an invitation or stimulus to anarchistic action, or as an aid to propaganda that is of a seditious character." The finding declared this clause "repugnant to the guarantee of liberty contained in the Fourteenth amendment."

CELEBRATING the fiftieth anniversary of his birth, the American Red Cross staged on May 21 what it called "the world's greatest dinner party." Every one of its 3,500 chapters held an anniversary dinner in its community, and all of them were connected up by radio with the main dinner in Washington. At this feast President Hoover, who is also president of the Red Cross, was the principal speaker; and the guest of honor was Judge Max Huber of Geneva.

Switzerland, president of the international committee of the Red Cross. With them sat cabinet officers and their wives and many other notabilities.

The Post Office department issued a special commemorative stamp on the anniversary date.

DEATHS of two Americans attracted considerable attention. In Tours, France, Brig. Gen. Robert H. Dunlap, a distinguished officer of the marine corps, was killed by a landmine in a heroic effort to save the life of a woman, Ralph Barton, famous cartoonist and illustrator, committed suicide in his New York apartment, leaving a note that said he feared he was going insane.

POPE PIUS XI, addressing a group of Spanish pilgrims, described the burning of churches and other religious edifices in Spain as "sacrileges against God and holy religion," and added: "While I recognize the abnormal situation in Spain, it cannot justify the outrageous deeds carried out by the enemies of God that were not suppressed by the authorities."

The Vatican, however, is promoting a policy of conciliation and the papal nuncio, Tedeschini, has had friendly consultation with Minister of Justice de los Rios who explained the arrest and expulsion of Bishop Mujica of Victoria. The nuncio has expressed sorrow over what has happened, and it is understood in Madrid that he places much of the blame for the rioting on the attitude of Cardinal Segura, the former primate of Spain, who was forced to leave the country because he would not accept the republic without protest.

Cardinal Segura and Bishop Mujica got together at Lourdes, France, and proceeded to Rome for an indefinite stay. They will probably be told that the Vatican intends to drop the quarrel with the republic.

Alfonso, the former king, celebrated his forty-fifth birthday with a private family luncheon in Fontainebleau. There was no observation of the anniversary in Madrid.

Cardinal Segura

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DESPITE the rebellious Chinese, Gen. Chiang Kai-shek is still the ruler of China, and when the people's convention closed its twelve day session in Nanking he made an impressive plea for unity and for cooperation with the government in suppressing banditry and communism.

The principal achievements of the convention were the adoption of a new constitution, which goes into effect on June 1, the declaration of the republic of China with its permanent capital at Nanking, and the mandate given the government to carry out the terms of the manifesto declaring all unequal treaties between China and foreign powers null and void.

FOR many months the world has been reading about the first armored cruiser built by the German republic under the limits imposed by the Versailles treaty. It was described as a wonderful vessel of 10,000 tons so powerful that it was called the "vest pocket battleship." Well, it was launched the other day at Kiel in the presence of a huge crowd of officials and citizens, but the event was marred by a conflict of orders that resulted in the ship's being loosed to slide down the ways before President Hindenburg had a chance to break the bottle of champagne on its bows and christen it Deutschland.

The new ship defies the Washington treaty classification. It is neither a capital ship nor a cruiser but is superior to both. Limited to 10,000 tons, it is much heavier armed than other ships of the same size. It is equipped with six 11-inch guns throwing projectiles weighing 660 pounds. Its velocity, which is said to be as much as 26 knots, the new ship is superior to capital ships. The hull of the cruiser is of shallow draft and so minutely compartmented as to make it comparatively safe against torpedoes and mines. The usual heavy turbines have been replaced by Diesel motors, which give a radius of action of over 10,000 miles. The cost of the ship was \$20,000,000.

FLYING men of the United States army had a chance to show what they can do in mass during the week, for the air forces were mobilized in grand maneuvers at Chicago, New York and elsewhere under the direct command of Gen. B. D. Foulois, dean of the fighting air men. The planes, of all types, concentrated at Dayton, Ohio, and on Thursday put on a parade and exhibition at Chicago that was the closing feature of the city's jubilee. Then they descended on the Atlantic



## Farm Notes

### Tell Ways To Kill Insects Of Garden

Insects which have been living on the fat of the land in home gardens while avoiding the wholesale poison campaigns used by commercial truck growers are going to find Michigan an inhospitable State this year as Michigan State College has recently published a bulletin which tells how to kill insects in retail lots.

Formulas for preparing poison mixtures advocated in this publication are reduced to quantities which can be used advantageously on small gardens, and, in some cases, poisons or other methods of control which are not commercially practical are recommended for the amateur gardener.

Remedial measures recommended range from kerosene baths applied to the insects to paper collars applied to the plants. Either method is claimed to be effective in controlling the particular insect's appetite for which the control is recommended. Cut-worms that climb and cut-worms that burrow for their food are all cataloged, their appetites described, and sentences pronounced.

Those who eat spinach will find consolation in this bulletin as no insects are listed which make a specialty of feeding on this plant. Apparently, all the rest of favorites of the salad makers have qualities that also endear them to some variety of bug and the gardener must combat these insects before he can appease his own hunger.

The Bulletin is listed as Extension Bulletin No. 117, Control Methods for Insects of the Kitchen Garden, and can be obtained by writing to the bulletin clerk at Michigan State College, East Lansing.

The Federal law requires that, in labeling livestock feeds, "the net

weight of contents must be printed on the label of the container in a plain and conspicuous manner." Some State laws also require a statement of the analysis and a list of the ingredients.

Cows that produce not more than 20 pounds of milk a day do fairly well on good pasture with no additional feed. However, cows producing more than 20 pounds of milk need 1 pound of grain to each 4 to 6 pounds of milk produced. Always grind the grain.

In humid regions the ideal method of storing loose alfalfa hay is in barns or sheds that will protect it from rain. In the arid and semi-arid regions storage in stacks is the cheapest and most practical way to protect the hay against weather damage—provided the stacks are well made and large.

Many farmers overcome the difficulty of curing the heavy green stems of sweetclover by cutting the hay with a binder. They set up the bound-bundles in long, narrow, open shocks like oat shocks and let them cure for several days. The quality of hay made in this way is good and the expense is little more than for hay coked by hand.

Chemists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture have found that the proteins in sweetpotatoes are a good source of some of the amino acids which are essential for the growth and nutrition of animals and which are lacking or deficient in proteins of certain seeds and grains. Sweetpotatoes should be a valuable supplement to correct the deficiencies of proteins of corn, wheat, and grains in general and some of the legume seeds such as the navy bean, lima bean, cowpea, and lentil.

Farmers who feed supplements to grass-fattened beef cattle are often undecided whether to feed the supplement throughout the grazing season or only during the latter part. This depends principally on the care the cattle had the previous winter and on the quality and quantity of pasture available, says the U. S. Department of Agriculture. If they wintered well and got considerable grain, it is probably better to start feeding supplements at the beginning of the grazing season. If they were roughed through the winter on silage, dry roughages, and a little meal or cake, it is just as well to feed supplements only in the last 90 to 120 days of the grazing season, provided there is plenty of pasture throughout the season.

### When To Cut Alfalfa

Although the highest quality alfalfa hay is obtained by cutting the crop in the pre-bud or bud stage, it is impractical and unprofitable to cut all the crops of the year at this stage. The yearly tonnage is not so great as when the crop is cut at one-tenth to one-quarter bloom. Cutting in the bud stage if continued also tends to weaken the vitality of the crowns and roots, shortens the life of the stand, and favors the increase of grasses and weeds. Occasional bud-stage cuttings, however—such as one in three, or possibly one in two in favorable alfalfa climates—need not seriously injure the stand. Alfalfa hay cut in the bud stage has soft, pliable stems, plenty of leaves, a rich, green color, and a high percentage of protein.

### Soil Colors

The color of a soil furnishes a clue to the presence or lack of desirable qualities. A black soil is unusually rich soil, the black color resulting from organic matter in combination with lime. Organic matter also colors soils brown; and such soils are usually acid. A reddish-brown color, as is seen in the prized "mahogany soils" of the South, indicates organic matter and iron oxide. Red and yellow soils owe their color to the iron oxide they contain in the free state. Red or reddish-brown soils are rated high agriculturally. Red color indicates that there is an adequate supply of colloidal matter to supply and conserve plant food and that drainage and other soil conditions are favorable. White or light-colored soils are in poor repute—this color shows a lack of important constituents. Very light-colored soils are usually sandy and contain insufficient clay and organic matter to absorb and retain plant food and water.

### Birds' Told

All things come to the other fellow if you sit down and wait.

### To Fly Over Pole



Lieut. Com. Edward H. Smith, United States coast guard, who is to be the only representative of the United States on the Great Yppellin when she makes her forthcoming trip over the North pole.

## THOUSAND DISASTERS RECEIVED RED CROSS AID IN 50 YEARS

### American Society to Celebrate Its Birth Year With Nationwide Observance

Tornadoes, floods, forest fires and other calamities and upheavals of nature have visited the United States more than one thousand times in the last half century.

All of these were of severe intensity, causing loss of life and great property damage. Minor catastrophes were not counted in this list of disasters, which has been made public by the American Red Cross, in connection with the celebration this year of its fiftieth birthday.

It was on the evening of May 21, 1881, in the modest home of Miss Clara Barton in Washington, D. C., that the American Association of the Red Cross was first formed. Before the year was out, and before, indeed, the United States Government had officially moved to approve the Treaty of Geneva, adding this nation to the company of thirty-two others adhering to the treaty to protect wounded in warfare, Miss Barton had plunged the small society into a disaster relief task.

### First Red Cross Unit

This was in the north woods of Michigan, where forest fires swept the homestead farms of pioneering families. Miss Barton, as president of the Red Cross, had organized a branch in Danville, New York, where she was sojourning. This little group immediately raised money, food, clothing and other supplies and sent them to the forest fire victims. In Rochester and Syracuse, New York, nearby, word spread of this charitable enterprise, and Red Cross auxiliaries were organized there to help. So began the disaster relief work of the Red Cross fifty years ago. In the intervening years, millions of men, women and children have been aided. Thousands of homes have been restored. Thousands of persons, overwhelmed by floods, tornadoes, and fires until all they possessed had been wiped away, have been rehabilitated and prosperity and happiness again smiled upon them.

This year has been dedicated by the Red Cross and its chapters in 3,500 communities to commemoration of the events which led to the birth of the society in the United States.

### President Hoover Speaks

The celebration of the anniversary was inaugurated in Washington at a dinner, attended by many distinguished men and women, at which Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes presided, and President Hoover, who is the president of the American Red Cross, was the chief speaker. Judge Max Huber of Geneva, Switzerland, the president of the International Committee of the Red Cross, in which fifty-seven nations are joined in a Red Cross brotherhood, also was a speaker, as were Chairman John Barton Payne of the American Red Cross, and Miss Mabel T. Boardman, secretary, and veteran leader of the society.

The Red Cross standard, which flies all around the world where mercy is needed, was first introduced as an ideal in our modern civilization in Geneva in 1864, when the International Red Cross convention, afterward to be known as the Treaty of Geneva, was signed by twelve countries agreeing that on the battlefield the wounded should be given aid by doctors, nurses and others, who should wear the sign of the Red Cross, and be treated as neutrals in the warfare.

Two Americans attended this first convention, the American Minister George C. Fogg, and Charles S. P. Bowles, representative in Europe of the United States Sanitary Commission, a volunteer organization of sympathizers with the North in our Civil War. Facts they gave resulted in adoption of some of the American ideas.

Returning to the United States, Fogg and Bowles sought recognition of the Geneva Treaty, but the Grant administration took no interest. Under Hayes, the same lethargy was encountered.

### Clara Barton Founder

But there had emerged from the Civil War period a middle-aged woman who had seen much service on the battlefields around Washington. This was Clara Barton. Ill health caused her to make a trip to Europe in 1869. There she became interested in the Red Cross idea, and joined a unit which saw service in the Franco-Prussian war. Upon her return home, she launched an active campaign for the treaty, but met the same opposition as her predecessors. However, President Garfield, when he came into office, recognized the merits of the movement, and when death by assassination removed him, his successor, President Arthur, sought approval by the U. S. Senate of the treaty. Thus was consummated a seventeen-year fight in this nation for a humanitarian ideal. Clara Barton was recognized as the society's founder and was its president for twenty-three years. She died in 1912 at the age of 90 years.

It is not generally thought of, but the flag so familiar in every civilized nation as the emblem of the Red Cross, had a simple derivation. Because the originator of the movement, Henri Dunant, was a Swiss, and the first treaty to protect wounded in battle was drafted and signed in Switzerland, the flag of that Republic—a white cross upon a red background—was reversed and the Red Cross came into being.

### Formed of Alloys

Fewer and Britannia metal were the names applied to the soft tin-based alloys from which metal household articles have been made for centuries. Formerly pewter generally contained lead together with antimony and copper while Britannia contained no lead. The distinction was not strictly adhered to. At the present time, the term pewter covers both types, although most of the alloys do not contain lead.

## Unknown Dead on Muster Rolls of Past Conflicts

Mixed emotions, as women weep and men kneel in solemn reverence and holy prayer, while we pay tribute to our comrade "buddy" before the tomb of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington.

Amid chaplets of laurel and flowers, the American flag serves as a sentinel over his sarcophagus. The burial of the lone World War veteran, November 11, 1922, out of respect to our unknown soldiers, is recalled.

An army bugler sounding "Taps" was the only one of us he could hear. Yet a whole nation, in thought, if not in actual presence, stood with bowed heads and honored the memory of the "unknown" men who have died that the Republic might live.

It is Memorial day, a time of solemn requiem for the dead; particularly the nation's war dead.

Again our "buddy" will hear the familiar sound of the bugle. Let it be understood, he is our composite "buddy," for in reality he was only one of the American soldiers killed "over there" whose names and personal histories were unknown.

He is our national hero, Lee Poe Hart writes in the Washington Star. He is especially the hero and son of each mother and father of all the gallant warriors who still remain unidentified. To each of these proud and patriotic though grief-stricken parents, he is "known." Every one of us "knows" our buddy, too.

### Not Many "Unknowns"

At the time he was given a soldier's last rites about 4,000 were numbered among the World War unknown dead. The War department today reports only 1,662 remain unidentified.

In choosing the body that should represent this national hero, utmost care was taken to pick out that of a buddy who could not be by any possibility be identified. Thus the one who lies in the sepulcher of the Unknown Soldier could never have been recognized.

Figures at the War department show 35,931 Americans were killed in battle during the World War. With only 1,662 of that number now remaining unidentified, the proportion of "unknowns" dead is remarkably small.

Had it not been for the system instituted by the War department for the purpose of identifying men killed in battle, the World War unknown would have mounted to untold thousands. There was no such system adopted during the Spanish-American war. Only within recent years have civilized nations established an efficient method of identifying their dead. The War department regulations required every officer and soldier of the American Expeditionary forces to wear about his neck two identification tags of aluminum, stamped, in the case of an officer, with his name, rank and regiment, corps or department. On the tag of every enlisted man was inscribed his name and serial number.

### Disposition of Tags

Each tag was the size of a silver half dollar. The regulation stipulated that one tag be suspended from the neck, and the other, a duplicate, be attached to the neck by a short string or tape. In case the wearer was killed, one tag was buried with him, and the other was usually attached to the cross which marked his grave.

A cemetery was established near every battlefield, when practicable. A temporary headboard giving the name and rank of the interred, with the organization to which he belonged, marked each grave. Further precaution taken by the War department was to make the company officer responsible for the burial of his men. It was his duty to show the exact location of each grave with a sketch map.

In the days of the internecine strife between the North and South, the unknown killed made up a large proportion of the total number who lost their lives in battle. An official list of the graves in a few of the national cemeteries where Union soldiers who fell in the Civil War are buried shows a striking contrast to the modern system.

### In Southern Cemeteries

At the Fredericksburg (Va.) cemetery, 12,738 graves are marked "unknown," the known dead amounting to 2,465. An even greater proportion of unidentified graves is the appalling story of the cemetery at Salisbury, N. C., where the unknown are 12,163; known, 133. The graveyard at Florence, S. C., has 2,802 unknown against only 214 identified burials.

Those who know their American history recall the furious fighting along the Rappahannock river, which Lee's army chose as a main line of defense. The disproportion of "unknowns" found in the cemeteries at Salisbury and Fredericksburg probably is explained through their being the burial grounds for those who fell in the Rappahannock fighting.

There were four great battles in the course of that fighting, and it has been said that more men were killed than in any other part of the world, in an equal geographical area, during any war up to the time of the World War.

Another massacre of human lives was staged at the famous Battle of the Wilderness in that sad conflict. Here, in a region most bitterly fought over, that extends all the way from a few miles south of Washington to the Rappahannock, the opposing armies could not see each other, yet ferociously fought on.

It is estimated the Wilderness battle cost 5,597 Union soldiers, and the Confederate loss was even more. Surgical horrors. The real horrors of the Civil war, however, seem to be recorded in the surgical dreadfulness. Often amputation and other major operations had to be hastily performed in improvised field hospitals, without anesthetics. Chloroform, considered very dangerous, and undoubtedly causing death in many instances, was the only anesthetic available in favorable circumstances.

Like most men died at the base hospitals from infected wounds and epidemics of gangrene, usually spread by the hands and instruments of the surgeons themselves. They were too busy with other things even to imagine the existence of germs.

Nearly four men died of disease for every one killed in battle during the Civil war, which is a striking contrast to the record in the great conflict of 1917, when much less than two for each man killed in action died of disease.

Is it any wonder that American hearts are stirred in observance of Memorial day? The human heart is deeply affected through honoring the graves of loved ones and national heroes.

Of such import is Memorial day in the human scheme of things that Congress, in 1874, designated May 30 for its observance, further declaring it to be a national holiday.

"Decoration Day" First. Decoration day was the appellation used for some years following General Logan's well-known order, but today it is nationally referred to as Memorial day.

On that day the Grand Army of the Republic has charge of the exercises at Arlington.

To the sad roll of muffled drums the remnant of veterans of the nation's conflicts—World war, Spanish-American and Civil wars—journey to the vast area of graves and honor the memory of those "buddies" who have passed on.

### PRESIDENT'S TRIBUTE



President Hoover making stirring address to veterans at part of annual Memorial Day ceremonies.

### Service in Patriotism

Patriotism is never noisy or blatant, never paraded, never inhaled much talked about—any more than a man talks of his love for his family—but it is service and sacrifice, service quietly rendered, and sacrifice uncomplainingly endured.

### Lesson of the Day

The very best way to honor those whom we praise and on whom we bestow monuments and flowers will be to show a practical appreciation of what they did by taking proper care of the inheritance they created, preserved and handed over to us.

## How One Woman Lost 47 Lbs. In 3 Months and Feels Years Younger

Mrs. S. A. Solomon of New Bern, N. C. lost 47 lbs. in 3 months with Kruschen Salts. She reduced from 217 to 170 lbs. She feels much stronger, years younger, and pains in sides, back and abdomen that bothered her for years are all gone. She says she not only feels better, but looks better as all her friends tell her.

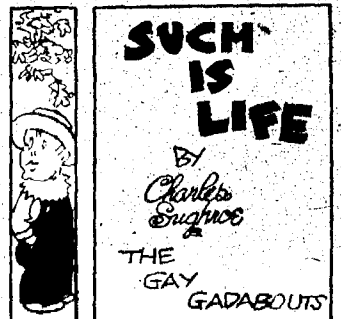
"I shall never be without Kruschen Salts, will never cease taking my daily dose and more than glad to highly recommend it for the great good that is in it."

A bottle of Kruschen Salts that lasts 4 weeks costs but 85 cents at Mac & Gidley's and druggists. The world over. Take one half teaspoon in a glass of hot water every morning before breakfast.

Attention to diet will help cut out pastry and fatty meats—go light on potatoes, butter, cream and sugar—the Kruschen way is the safe way to lose fat. Try one bottle and if not joyfully satisfied—money back.

### Read your home paper.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.



## Interesting Events In Grayling 23 Years Ago

INTERESTING ITEMS OF NEWS GATHERED FROM THE FILES OF THE AVALANCHE OF 23 YEARS AGO.

Thursday, May 28, 1908

Fred Shotts of Beaver Creek brot in a sample bunch of alaska clover Saturday, the main root of which was over six feet in length.

Mrs. R. Belmore of Beaver Creek is home from her winter visit with her son George at Simmons in the U. P. She is glad to be home again.

Forest fires destroyed the Wayne school house, southwest of the city, Wednesday night.—Roscommon Herald.

Dr. and Mrs. Insley came down from Grayling in their automobile Tuesday and were guests at the home of Hon. H. H. Woodruff.—Roscommon Herald.

There will be a social dance at the residence of John Malco, in Maple Forest, Saturday evening, May 30th. A jolly time among friends with fine music is anticipated.

Miss Helen Johnson, having completed a nine months term of school at Logan, returned home last Friday for a rest and visit. Her success has been all that could be desired.

Burton Shaw will not be pulled this time for catching short fish, whatever he may do in the future. He brought in a rainbow Saturday morning, twenty-four inches long, and weighing three pounds and a half, dressed.

John Morrison, who has been manager of the Central Drug store for N. P. Olson since it started, has accepted a yet more lucrative position in Traverse City and is moving to that place.

Wm. McCullough is making fine improvements in and about his residence.

Otto Johnson has sold his home in the north part of the village to David Flagg.

Barney Kropp's family have come in from camp for the summer. Barney will keep things running at both ends of the line.

It is almost impossible to obtain mechanics for local work, building and repairing is being crowded in every part of the city, and everybody is busy.

Hon. Devere Hall of Bay City, Mr. Lyon, of the firm of Lyon & Monet of St. Johns, and H. H. Woodruff of Roscommon, were the several attorneys from other cities engaged in court here this week.

Salling Hanson Co., have begun pulling down the old hardware store, on the site of which they will at once erect a modern brick store much larger, which will be the east half of a proposed brick block.

Miss Laura London was down from her farm in Maple Forest the first of the week. She has her new house nearly ready for occupancy, and she expects to have a lot of fun and big crops, with her grandfather and grandmother Oaks to keep her at her work.

Mills Brothers, who succeeded Bradley and son in the corner market, come to us from Tustin, Oregon. Co. finely endorsed as hustling business men and with experience in their line.

Last Sunday noon the roof of Simpson's warehouse was set on fire undoubtedly by a passing engine, and the alarm given by an engine whistle before turned in by a box. The fire was held in check by a bucket brigade, until the hose were strung when it was extinguished in a few seconds, with no damage but perhaps 100 feet of roof. If our depart-

ment had a system of signals which would nearly locate the fire, it would have saved the boys a long hard pull, and would often save property. Will the council wake up and install it?

Grayling Lodge I. O. O. F. was honored Monday evening as never before in its experience of over twenty years, by the presence of the Grand Master of the state, G. M. Kennedy of Mt. Pleasant. The attendance at the brief session of the lodge was large, but at the hours of the banquet tendered Rebekah Lodge, room was at a premium, and a more enjoyable social time was never held. The banquet was all that could be desired and the address of the Grand Master, supplemented by several local members cannot but be of benefit in the continued up-building of the order.

The May term of the Circuit Court convened last Monday, Judge Sharp presiding, and stenographer Austin at his table. There was but one criminal case on the calendar, three law cases and two in chancery.

### Decoration Day Program

Overture by Band.  
Invocation—Rev. Johnson.  
Music—High School Choir.  
Ritual Exercises—G. A. R.  
Music—High School Choir.  
Recitation "Memorial Day"—Francis Wingard.  
Recitation "Decoration Day"—Florence McMahon.  
Recitation "Georgia Volunteer"—Mildred Bunting.  
Recitation "The Sword of Bunker Hill"—Marie Foreman.  
Recitation "A Soldier's Prayer"—Clara Nelson.  
"Memorial Day"—Thirteen boys and girls.  
Recitation "For Grandpa's Sake"—Helen Cunningham.  
Flag Drill—Primary Class.  
Oration—Hon. H. H. Woodruff.  
March to cemetery and decoration of graves.

### Lovells Locals (23 Years Ago)

Sheriff Amidon passed through town, Wednesday morning about Mrs. Underhill arrived Wednesday morning.

T. E. Douglas is treating the Pavilion to a coat of paint. F. J. Spencer is doing the work.

Thursday morning Geo. F. Owen received a telegram stating that his mother was dead.

Fire has once more visited our town, Wednesday morning about eight o'clock, the T. E. Douglas & Co. plant at this place, was discovered to be on fire. How the fire originated no one knows. The fire spread so rapidly that it was a close call for some of the men to save themselves. This plant consisted of a sawmill, lathmill, stave mill, shingle mill and electric lighting plant. The Douglas Co. loss is fully \$10,000 with only \$3,000 insurance. In addition to the plants burning, 300,000 shingles were burned. The lumber yard and barns were saved by heroic work of the mill crew, and neighbors. The heat was intense, but willing hands and strong arms succeeded in keeping the fire from spreading. The Lewiston fire company came on a special train, but the fire was under control before they reached the scene. The Douglas Co. have been running this plant continually for a number of years, giving employment to many men. We are not able to inform you at this writing if the Douglas Co. anticipates rebuilding, but it is hoped that they will. The Co.'s loss is heavy, and we believe they have the sympathy of all the people.

### NAVY FLOATING DERRICKS

According to the Navy Recruiting Station, Detroit, four bids were opened in the bureau of yards and docks, Navy Department, on May 23 for the construction of two floating derricks for use at the Mare Island navy yard and at San Diego. The bids ranged from \$143,000 to \$180,000. The derricks to be constructed will have a lifting capacity of 40,000 pounds at a radius of 65 feet and an auxiliary lifting capacity of 10,000 pounds at a 70-foot radius. Pontons not to be less than 100 feet by 44 feet.

### Father Sage Says

Even the handy man about the house realizes that it is easier to make a break than to mend one.

Dr. C. R. Keyport Dr. C. G. Clippert  
D. S. Keyport & Clippert  
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS  
Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Sunday by appointment.  
Free Methodist Church  
(South Side)  
Sunday services:  
Sabbath School—10:00 a. m.  
Preaching Service 11:00 a. m.  
Evangelistic Services 7:30 p. m.  
Everybody invited.  
REV. IRA GRABILL.

G. F. DeLaMater Co.  
SURVEYORS  
Maps, Plans and Plans for Lake and Stream Development  
HIGHWAY SURVEYS  
G. F. DeLaMater  
Frank N. Smith. Gaylord, Mich.



## THEIR MEMORIAL MESSAGE—"KEEP FAITH!"

To every man a different meaning, yet—  
Faith to the thing that set him, at his best,  
Something above the blood and dirt and wet,  
Something apart, may God forget the rest!

THE observance of Memorial day finds its motivating influence deep in the human heart, and prototypes of the day and the service are common all through history. The early Greeks paid honor to their heroic dead in much the same way as we now keep green the memories of our war slain.

The favorite shrine of the Greeks was Thermopylae, where 300 Spartans withstood an army, and this spot was, for centuries, held in reverence by the lovers of liberty. Monuments erected to heroes were covered with garlands and the graves strewn with flowers and olives.

The Romans carried the observance to the point of a solemn ritual, and a national holiday was set aside from February 13 to 21. During that period the gates to the temples of the gods were closed and fixed exercises held in honor of the dead and sacrifices made. Naturally, this was the occasion of solemn military displays, and the entire nation joined in the triumphs for both the living and dead.

Memorial day came into our calendar as a

holiday largely through an order issued by Gen. John A. Logan, who on May 5, 1868, while commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, issued an order to the members of that organization setting aside May 30 as the date on which they would pay tribute to the memory of their fallen comrades. For some years following Decoration day was the appellation used, but in 1874 congress by enactment designated Memorial day as the official name and set aside May 30 for its observance and further declaring it to be a national holiday.

On this day the graves of soldiers who fell in all our wars are decorated with flowers and flags. Battles which were no more than bothersome names to schoolboys came to have a real meaning as the lads watched bent, gray old men kneel beside a grave and heard them say: "Jim never came back from the Wilderness," or "Tom fell at Fort Fisher."

To these names, English and easily remembered, have come others: The Marne, Belleau Wood, Verdun and a hundred others at which some of those schoolboys gave their all.



The cold rain falls on France. Ah send anew  
The spirit that once flamed so high and bright,  
When, by your graves, we bade you brave adieu,  
When Peps blew so much more than just "Good Night."

### CREW OF THE U. S. S. AKRON

According to the Navy Recruiting Station, Detroit, sixty-three enlisted men and ten officers of the Navy have been selected for the crew of the new dirigible U. S. S. Akron, under construction at Akron, Ohio. All of the men selected have seen service in naval dirigibles, some with the R-38 (ZR-2) airship detachment in Howden, England, in the U. S. S. Shenandoah (ZR-1) and the U. S. S. Los Angeles (ZR-3). Twelve men will be assigned to the Akron's airplane unit and will be attached to the dirigible after her arrival at Lakehurst, New Jersey. The war-time complement of the Akron will be 75 men, but it is not contemplated that the number of men selected will be augmented greatly during peacetime operations.

Read your home paper.  
Subscribe for the Avalanche

### "Laminating" Paper

Two thicknesses of paper may be joined together (laminated) without difficulty by simply pasting together with a starch or dextrin paste and allowing to dry under sufficient pressure to prevent curling.

### Married Woman Fears Gas—Eats Only Baby Food

"For 3 years I ate only baby food, everything else formed gas. Now, thanks to Adlerika, I eat anything and enjoy life."—Mrs. M. Gunn.  
Just ONE spoonful Adlerika relieves all GAS so you can eat and sleep better. Acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel removing poisons you never knew were there, and which caused your stomach trouble. No matter what you have tried for stomach and bowels, Adlerika will surprise you! Mac & Gidley, druggists.

### Marriage for Reform

By THOMAS ARKLE CLARK  
Dean of Men, University of Illinois.



There used to be a familiar saying years ago when a young woman entered into a marriage contract with a rather wild and unregenerate partner that she had married him to reform him. There was also among some the feeling that such a reform was possible though I do not now recall that any specific illustrations were brought forward to prove the case.

I, general, those who were led into matrimony with the purpose of bringing about their reformation kept on in the same crooked path that they had previously been following.

There is an old Norse legend of a farmer named Gudbrand and his wife who lived very happily together, the wife never trying to reform her husband.

"Now you must know," the story goes, "that this man and his good wife lived so happily together and understood one another so well, that all the husband did the wife thought so well done, there was nothing like it in the world, and she was always glad whatever he turned his hand to."

They owned their farm, they had one hundred dollars in the bank, and they had two cows, one of which they decided to sell. Gudbrand undertook to sell the cow, but no one in town would buy her.

On the way home he met a man with a horse for which he traded the cow. As he progressed he made a succession of trades and came one after the other into possession of a pig, a goat, a sheep, a goose, and a cock. This last he disposed of for a shilling and then spent the shilling for a bite to eat.

On the way home he met a man who, upon hearing the details of his bargaining, wagged him a hundred dollars that when the wife heard the story Gudbrand would be roughly scolded. However, she, like a sensible woman, approved everything he had done.

"Mr. and Mrs." The titles "Mr. and Mrs." now common property, were not always so freely bestowed. In the seventeenth century only such persons as ministers and physicians and their wives prefixed these titles to their names. The title for those above the rank of servant but below that of gentility was "Goodman" or "Goodwife."

## WASHINGTON A PROGRESSIVE FARMER

That George Washington remained at heart a farmer throughout his life we know from no less an authority than Washington himself, says the Division of Information and Publication of the United States George Washington Bicentennial Commission.

The evidence exists on nearly every page of the long row of diaries in which Washington covered all his personal activities almost without a break from young manhood to the final days.

He was not simply any kind of farmer, either, but an alert and progressive one. Even during the Revolutionary War he appears to have kept his eyes open to farming methods in various sections of the country, and came home with the belief that Virginia farming had much to learn from methods in use in other States.

In more than one of his letters to friends he comments on the Virginia habit of working farms to death, and notes the Virginia farmer's failure to devote some of his land to meadow and grazing, for the raising of cattle, as he had seen this done in the northern regions.

On his own plantations Washington was forever reaching out for new and better seeds for planting. He imported new types of fruit trees and vines, even rare trees for the beautification of his grounds. He tried alfalfa, then known as Lucerne. But of chief interest was his effort to improve the quality of wheat grown in the United States. He reached into far quarters of the globe for experimental seeds.

Thus, in an entry in his Diaries on April 10, 1783, we find: "Began also to sow the Siberian Wheat which I had obtained from Baltimore by means of Colo. Tighman, at the Ferry Plantation in the ground laid apart there for experiments." This, by the way, he sowed with the famous "barrel plow" of his own invention, a combined plow, drill, and harrow. And he gives a minute account of the care he used in giving this seed from far Siberia a chance to show what it could do in Virginia.

In 1785, after the Revolution, when he had returned to Mount Vernon and to his beloved farming, this zeal for experiment was with him still. In an entry in his Diary for Aug. 20, that year, he records that "I planted in a small piece of ground which I had prepared below the stable (vineyard) about 1,000 grains of the Cape of Good Hope wheat (which was given to me by Colo. Spaight), in rows 2 feet apart, and 5 inches distant in the rows.

On Saturday, Aug. 31, 1785, he notes: "The Cape of Good Hope wheat, which I sowed on Saturday, was perceived to be coming up today." On Sept. 1st, the following day, he "planted the remainder of the wheat from the Cape of Good Hope, leaving 230 grains to replant the missing seeds, and some that had been washed up by the rain; the whole number of grains given me by Colo. Spaight amount to 2476; which in measure, might be about half a Gill." The painstaking Farmer Washington had even counted the number of these rare grains of his gift!

On October, 1785, he sowed about a pint of Cape of Good Hope wheat, this time sent him by Mr. Powell of Philadelphia. By early November Washington "perceived that the Cape of Good Hope wheat which I sowed on the 19th of last March had come up very well." For nearly two years he had his eye on this South African wheat. By September, 1786, "the hands at Dogue Run had been employed in putting in about a bushel and a half of the Cape wheat raised below my stables"—proving that the year before had delivered the goods, before had delivered the goods.

What became of the new brand of wheat we do not know, for in not very long Washington was again called to the cares of state when a devoted people unanimously chose him to be their First President. But the evidence remains that when the destiny that directed his eventful and dramatic life did grant him the opportunity to farm his beloved fields, he was among the most progressive agriculturists of his day.

### For Street Wear



This neat little suit in silk crepe with double-breasted jacket makes a very attractive outfit for street wear.

### JUST LIKE A WOMAN



"How about that five dollars you were short on my allowance last week?"  
"Now, there you go again! Women are always trying to start an argument."

### LUCKY DAUGHTER



He—Darling, you may be only an undertaker's daughter, but you sure are the bury.

### B. C. IN THE HENYARD



Willie—How do you account for the hens laying so few eggs? They are certainly well fed.  
Modern Farmer—They're on this birth control business, I guess.

### WAS NEVER LIFTED



"Has she ever had her face lifted?"  
"Where could you find a thief who would want to steal such a thing?"

### WHOSE VISION?



He—Girly, I'm a man of vision.  
She—And am I the "vision"?

### NOT SAFETY PINS



First College Boy—Has the word you mention any pins?  
Second C. B.—I'll say she has! And they're no safety pins either when you take too long a look.

### Spreading Fertility

A beneficent person is like a fountain watering the earth and spreading fertility; it is therefore more delightful and more honorable to give than to receive.—Epictetus.

### Title Abbreviated

The original name of Longfellow's poem, "The Bridge," was "The Bridge Over the Charles." The reference concerns the small stream above which Boston lies.

## Inside Information

Unless you use glass or wooden reeds under the casters or legs, furniture resting on linoleum may leave permanent dents or cut into it.

Celery, or knob celery, is available in summer-time and is very acceptable when stalk celery is hard to get. It is pared and sliced, like turnips or carrots, and cooked in a small quantity of water and seasoned with butter or cream. It also makes an excellent addition to potato salad.

Sweet cherries are excellent in salad, either mixed with other fruits or as one of the predominant ingredients. Select large firm cherries and pit them. The cavity may be stuffed with cream or cottage cheese and the cherries served on lettuce leaves with any preferred dressing. They are especially good when added to pineapple salad or mixed with fruit salads containing pineapple.

Good posture in garden work corresponds to good posture for in-door tasks: that is, work close to the ground can be done on a kneeling pad, with the back straight and the shoulders flat; hoeing and raking can be done like mopping or sweeping, keeping the abdomen and hips in correct position and the feet squarely on the ground. Pruning, watering, and gathering garden products are, similarly, much less fatiguing if good posture is maintained.

### MICHIGAN PROFESSOR-EXPLORER ONE OF SIX BEST

Lawrence Gould, Associate Professor of Geology in the University of Michigan and famous for his work in Greenland and as second in command with Admiral Byrd in the Antarctic, was praised highly by George Palmer Putnam, New York publisher and explorer.

Asked by a New York paper to nominate an "all star" team of explorers and adventurers, Putnam, who is known by fellow members of the Explorers Club as "president of the explorers trust," named a team consisting of Sir George Herbert Wilkins, Roy Chapman Andrews, Lawrence Gould, Barnet Balchen, William Beebe, and Lindbergh. "Gould is certain to be recognized as an, if not the, outstanding scientific explorer of tomorrow," said Putnam. Wilkins was nominated as an ideal captain for such a group, Andrews, noted for his Asiatic explorations, "is the leading American organizer," and administrator of expeditions. Lindbergh was named as expert aviator; Beebe as naturalist and ideal lecturer; Gould as scientist; and Barnet Balchen as one who "can live in the snow, fly, navigate, ski, cook or fight."

### STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford.

Frank Sales, Plaintiff, vs.

Clyde Hum, Defendant.

To whom it may concern:

Take Notice, that on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1931, a writ of attachment was issued out of said court in the above entitled cause as commencement of suit for the recovery of Two Hundred and No-100 Dollars due the above named plaintiff from the above named defendant on implied contract which writ was returnable on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1931.

Dated this 18th day of May, A. D. 1931.

ELMER G. SMITH,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.  
Business address: Gaylord, Michigan. 5-21-6

### STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate court for the County of Crawford.

In the matter of the estate of John Benson, late of the Village of Grayling, in said county, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that 4 months from the 21st day of May, A. D. 1931, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the Village of Grayling, in said county, on or before the 21st day of September, A. D. 1931, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday the 21st day of September, A. D. 1931, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 18th day of May, A. D. 1931.

GEORGE SORENSON,  
Judge of Probate. 5-21-4

### STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the Village of Grayling, in said county, on the sixth day of May, A. D. 1931.

Present: Hon. George Sorenson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Asch, deceased.

Mrs. Minnie Berchers having filed in said court her petition praying that said court adjudge and determine who were at the time of his death the legal heirs of said deceased and entitled to inherit the real estate of which said deceased died seized.

It is ordered, that the 18th day of June, A. D. 1931, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

Notice is hereby given that public notice thereof shall be given by the undersigned, for taxes or insurance to protect his interest in the premises described in said mortgage as situated in the Village of Grayling, County of Crawford and State of Michigan, described as follows:

Lot eight (8) of Block nine (9) of Haddley's Second addition to the Village of Grayling.

No Mount Whitney Glacier  
The geological survey says that there are no glaciers on Mount Whitney. On the east side of the peak, however, large snow banks form each winter.

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

Washington, May 12, 1931

Notice is hereby given that the State of Michigan has selected the following described lands with a view to acquiring title thereto in exchange for other lands which the State has conveyed to the United States, as authorized by the Act of July 31, 1912 (37 Statute 241).

CRAWFORD COUNTY, all north and west of the Michigan Meridian: N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Section 4; W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 6; NW NW Section 18 Town 25 Range 2.

NE SE Section 24; NW SE Section 34 Town 25 Range 3.

NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Section 6 Town 25 Range 4.

SW NW, NW SW Section 6; NW NE, SE NE, N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, SE NW, NE SE Section 10; W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW Section 14; S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, SE NW, E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW, SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, NW NW, SW Section 18; N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 20; NW SW, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW, NE SE Section 22; NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SE, SW SE Section 24; NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW Section 28; E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW Section 32 Town 26 Range 2.

NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 2; E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW, SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 14; SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 22; NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Section 24; NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 26; NE NE Section 28 Town 26 Range 3.

NE SW Section 30 Town 26 Range 4.

NW NW Section 2; entire section 4; SW NE, SE SW, NE SE, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SE, NE NW Section 6; NW NW, SE NW Section 8; W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW, SE SW Section 10; SE NW, SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 12; SW NE, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW, N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SE Section 14; NE NE Section 22; NW NE, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, NE NW, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 24; E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW, SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 26; NW NW Section 36 Town 27 Range 1.

NE NE, W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, SE NE NW Section 6; NW NW Section 8; NE NW, SW NW, W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW Section 10 Town 27 Range 2.

NW NE, NW NW, E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW, SW SW Section 12; E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, NE SE Section 14; NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, SW NW, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 24; SE NE, NE SE Section 28; E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, NE SE Section 34 Town 27 Range 3.

N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, SE SE Section 6; NW SW Section 24; W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW Section 26; S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW Section 28; W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW Section 36 Town 27 Range 4.

NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, NW SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> SE Section 2; All sections 4; E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE Section 6; N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, SW NE, W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SE, SW SE Section 8; NE SE, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SE, SE SW Section 12; NW NE, S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NE, E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SE Section 14; NW NE, NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 20; NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 26; SE NE, SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 28; SE SE Section 34; S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> NW, W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> SW Section 36 Town 28 Range 1.

SW SW, SW SE Section 36 Town 28 Range 2.

SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 25; SE SE Section 36 Town 28 Range 3.

W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Section 7 Town 28 Range 4.

Protests or contests against the selection of any of said lands for any reason will be received in this office at any time before final approval of such selection.

D. K. PARROTT,  
Acting Assistant Commissioner. 5-21-5

In the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery.

Etha Loper, Plaintiff, vs. William Loper, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery.

It appearing by affidavit of Merle F. Nellist, attorney for plaintiff, William Loper, is unknown and it cannot be ascertained in what state or country the said defendant, William Loper resides, as appears by said affidavit filed in this cause.

On motion of Merle F. Nellist, attorney for plaintiff, Etha Loper, it is hereby ordered that the defendant, William Loper, cause his appearance to be entered in this cause within three months from the date of this order, or default will be entered, and that this order be published as is required by law.

Dated, April 11, 1931.

GUY E. SMITH,  
Circuit Judge. 4-30-6

### NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the terms and conditions of a certain mortgage made by Holger F. Peterson and Bertha S. Peterson, his wife to Andrew Peterson, dated the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1926, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Crawford County, on the 25th day of September, 1926, in Liber H of Mortgages, on page 400, and

WHEREAS, by reason of said default there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, including principal and interest the sum of two thousand nine hundred ninety-six and 27-100 (\$2,996.27) dollars, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the said debt now secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, notice is given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and of the statutes of the State of Michigan, in such case made and provided, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Wednesday, July 8, 1931, at the front entrance to the County Building in the Village of Grayling, that being the building wherein the circuit court for the County of Crawford is held, the premises described in said mortgage, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the indebtedness and the costs and expenses of sale, including the attorney's fee allowed by law, and also any sum or sums that shall be paid at or before said sale, by the undersigned, for taxes or insurance to protect his interest in the premises described in said mortgage as situated in the Village of Grayling, County of Crawford and State of Michigan, described as follows:

Lot eight (8) of Block nine (9) of Haddley's Second addition to the Village of Grayling.

Dated at Detroit this 1st day of April 1931.

AXEL PETERSON,  
Holder of the said mortgage, and Attorney for Plaintiff.

George Sorenson,  
Judge of Probate. 5-14-4

**Shake Off the Manacles**

Freedom from worry is your first duty to yourself.

UNDERINSURANCE and self-insurance are forms of self-inflicted bondage which may be keeping you manacled to constant worry.

Adequate stock fire insurance for your property releases you from this bondage.

Freedom in this case costs but little. See us today.

**Palmer Fire Insurance Agency**  
O. P. SCHUMANN, Agent  
Phone 111



# The World's Leading.. Lawn Mower

- 1—10-inch Wheels
  - 2—16-inch Blades
  - 3—Ball Bearings
  - 4—Self Sharpening
  - 5—Smoothercutting
- Guaranteed

Our Price  
**\$7.75**

**Montgomery & Ward Price**  
for 16-inch blade mower is  
**\$8.45**

See how you save at  
**HANSON HARDWARE**  
PHONE 21

## News Briefs

THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1931

Mrs. Earl Marshall is assisting in the Grayling Dairy this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Trudeau of Midland, spent Sunday here visiting relatives.

Miss Edna Taylor, of Detroit, visited her father, Oscar Taylor, over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Peterson, of Bay City, visited relatives here over the week end.

George Woods returned Sunday from Nevada where he has been for some time.

Miss Anna Peters, of Gaylord, was the week end guest of Miss Emma Hendrickson.

Miss Marie Schmidt has returned from Bay City where she has been for the past few months.

B. A. Cook of Lansing, supervisor of hatcheries, made a visit to the Grayling fish hatchery Friday.

Miss Agnes Brovek of the local telephone exchange spent the week end with friends in Indian River.

See our new Enna Jettick Golf oxford for women at Olson's. Adv.

Mrs. Arthur Fisher of Lyon Manor, Higgins Lake, underwent an operation at Mercy Hospital Monday morning.

Mrs. George Schaible and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Fletcher, in Lansing this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Nestell and children of Lansing were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clara Smith.

Mrs. Oscar Smock of Frederic is recovering from a recent illness at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Leo Gannon of Grayling.

Mrs. Ernest Babbitt of the Rainbow Club underwent an operation at Mercy Hospital Monday morning. She is getting along nicely.

Mr. Van Alstyne and Charles Palmer drove up Thursday from Detroit, visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Palmer until Monday.

A. M. Peterson drove to Lansing Friday and accompanied Mrs. Peterson and children home, who had been spending a few days there.

George Granger drove up from Lansing, where he attends Michigan State College, to spend the week end with his mother, Mrs. Celia Granger.

Buy a poppy.

Alfred Hanson has been in Detroit on business for several days.

See the new Ann Howe sandals, also Deauville sandals at Olson's.

Dr. and Mrs. C. R. Keyport left Tuesday to spend a few days in Detroit.

Peter Wizer and daughter Theresa of Saginaw visited at the Henry Jordan home Sunday.

F. A. Barnett spent the week end with his children at Walled Lake, Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor.

A ten pound son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Nelson at Mercy Hospital Wednesday morning.

Albert Schroeder of the Cowell tontorial parlor has been on the sick list for the past several days.

P. G. Zalsman and daughter Mrs. Lyle Milks left this morning for Holland to spend Memorial day.

Mrs. Walter Hanson is entertaining the Ladies Aid of the Danish Lutheran church at Danebod Hall this afternoon.

Pretty waxed paper wreaths and sprays, very appropriate for grave decoration, and reasonably priced. Cash & Carry Store. Adv.

Mrs. Wendall and son, of Houghton Lake visited Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hanson Sunday. The Wendalls were old residents of Grayling.

Mrs. Yvonne Sullivan, of Alpena, district supervisor of the Tri-County Telephone company was a caller at the local exchange Tuesday.

Mr. Kelly, Orlo Rhines and Stuart Godfrey of Jackson were guests of Henry Jordan Monday and Tuesday enjoying the trout fishing here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cameron have returned after visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Angus McCauley in Standish for the past two weeks.

A. J. Trudeau and son Lawrence are spending several days in Detroit, and Mrs. Trudeau is visiting at the home of her son A. J. Jr., in Midland for the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Peck have returned from Lansing after having visited Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wright for the past two weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Wright accompanied them back.

On account of the cold weather last week Friday night the band concert was omitted. There will be a concert this week, using the program that was published in last week's edition of the Avalanche.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Moran, Mrs. Jess Sales, Mrs. Dan Woods, Mrs. J. L. Martin, Mrs. Emil Niederer, Mrs. Chas. Fehr, Mrs. Joe McLeod, Mrs. Wm. McNeven and Mrs. Adler Jorgenson attended the annual meeting of the Wolverine association of the Eastern Star lodge held at Cheboygan Tuesday.

The Grayling band, under the direction of Ed. Clark, drilled Monday and Wednesday at the aviation field, preparatory to their appearance on Saturday, Decoration Day. A number of cars were at the field, showing the interest the citizens have in the local band. Howard Schmidt is acting in the capacity of drum major.

Ben Landsberg showed his old time spirit when he accepted the job of chief of police of Inkster. The city of Inkster, because of lack of finances, had to dispense with their city street lighting indefinitely and dismiss their police force. Ben came to the rescue and offered to assume the duties of the police force, for the small salary of only a dollar a year.

Last Thursday afternoon Mrs. John Charlefour entertained "Our Gang". There were seventeen members and guests present. Mrs. Jas. Sherman was a guest. The ladies served and an advertising contest given by Mrs. John Wakeley, the entertainer, was won by Mrs. Charles Corwin. The Penny prize was won by Mrs. Broadbent. Mrs. Jas. Sherman joined the club at this meeting. The committee served a very nice lunch. The next meeting will be June 4th at the home of Mrs. Percy Budd.

Morris Allen, of Gaylord, age 17, son of James Allen, county clerk of Oscego county, has been named in a warrant issued last week as the party who held up the Lewiston bank and obtained \$700, last week Wednesday morning. The abandoned Chrysler sedan of Allen Schruer of Gaylord which had been stolen the evening previous to the robbery was found at Otsego Lake where it is reported the robber boarded a Flint bound bus. The warrant is said to have been issued on the identification of Allen by a witness of the robbery whose name is being withheld. Rumors that the suspect had been apprehended in Loraine, Ohio, are false, and he is still at large.

Grayling Lumberjacks having turned their squad into the base ball field, have demonstrated that they can play the national pastime fully as well as basket ball. Last Sunday they played at Lewiston and when the game was called off in the fifth inning owing to the rain the score stood 9 and 1 in the woodcutters' favor. Had the game lasted the whole nine frames there is no saying how far Grayling would have gone. Batteries for Grayling were Schmidt and Bruffy, for Lewiston, Scherbond and Kujala. Pitcher Schmidt allowed seven hits and Scherbond gave up 10. Matt Bidvia was robbed of a home run at home plate by the decision of the umpire. Three-base hit—Bidvia; two-base hit—Callahan 2, Brady 1, Robertson 1, Bidvia 1, D. Schmidt 1. Hit by Pitcher Schmidt, 2. Pitchers seem to be afraid of Art May as he drew a couple of walks again in this game. In a previous game Art walked six times.

Mrs. R. D. Bailey of Gaylord, visited friends here last Saturday.

Children's oxfords, solid leather, 98c to \$1.19, at Olson's. —Adv.

Mrs. Bert Shaw, of Gladwin, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Shaw over the week end.

George Burke delivered a new Ford sedan to Herbert W. Wolff at Lake Margrethe the last of the week.

Dewey Palmer returned Monday to Mackinaw City where he has been employed for the past few weeks.

Miss Margaret Insley, of Detroit, spent the week end visiting at the home of her brother, Marius Insley.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Webb have been entertaining Mrs. Webb's mother, Mrs. Mabel Forsythe and son Arlain of Los Angeles, Calif. They left Monday.

Wayne Nellist was slightly injured when he had the misfortune to fall thru the coal chute at the school building while playing ball Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Frances LaGrow and children returned to Detroit after having spent the week end with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex LaGrow.

Dr. and Mrs. P. E. Bethards and a party of friends from Toledo, Ohio, spent the week end at the Bethards cabin at the McIntyre landing at Lake Margrethe.

George Schaible, worshipful master of Grayling lodge No. 356 F. & A. M., attended the state grand lodge annual meeting at Battle Creek Tuesday and Wednesday.

Arthur Burrows of Lansing has been spending several days visiting his brother Arnold Burrows and family. He expects to leave soon for the west and is visiting relatives before going.

Mrs. Herbert Parker returned Tuesday after visiting relatives in Lansing and St. Louis. She was accompanied by her brother, Fred Mettert, who will remain here a few days.

Richard Lovely, grand knight of the local council Knights of Columbus and Arnold Burrows attended the annual state convention of the K. of C. at Mt. Clemens, leaving Grayling Saturday and returning Tuesday.

A fine new Federal electric range was installed at Mercy Hospital by the Michigan Public Service company last Friday. The new cooking device takes the place of the old wood and coal range that has been in use for several years, and is a fine improvement.

The attention of the driving public is called to the newly painted parking spaces on Michigan Avenue. Motorists are asked to kindly observe the proper way to park, which will conserve space. One space has been eliminated from the corner on U. S. 27 and on the corner in front of the Burrows Market in order that motorists may get a clearer view of the street and thus avoid accidents.

Mrs. Emma Metcalf Wilcox and son and Mrs. Bennett, all of West Branch, visited at the C. O. McCullough home Sunday. Mrs. Wilcox is an old resident of Crawford County, and her son-in-law, Mr. Bennett is the county clerk of Ogemaw county. Mrs. Wilcox lived here 52 years ago before Grayling was the county seat.

Emerson Brown was home over the week end. He graduated from the University of Michigan in February, having taken a course in business administration. At present he is employed by the Holland Furnace Co. His plans for the summer, however, he says are not fully determined but he expects to be with the Ange Lorenzo orchestra again this summer at Harbor Springs. After the summer season he will resume his connections with the Holland Furnace Co. The latter, we consider, is very fortunate in securing the services of Emerson for he is one of the finest young men Grayling ever turned out. He had three years of training in a business administration course at the Michigan State Normal at Ypsilanti, finishing the final year at the U. of M. He paid his own expenses thru college by his music. He is ambitious, industrious and honest and one of the most likeable young men we have ever been privileged to know and is one who will make and hold friends wherever he goes.



## A Roast

—that is tempting and delicious.

Buy your meats here and you'll understand why we have so many pleased customers.

**Burrows MARKET**  
Phone 2

# MEN! The Straw Hat Season is Open

Plenty of new styles and Straws and Toyo Panamas

**\$1.25 to \$2.95**

**For Decoration Day**

Sport Oxfords

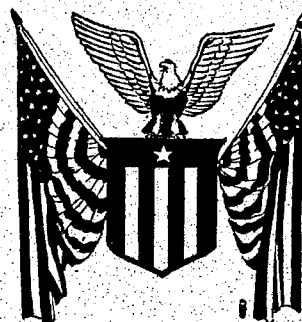
Golf Knickers

Sweaters

New Dresses

Sport Oxfords

Panama Hats



## Grayling Mercantile Co.

Phone 125—The Quality Store—Grayling

Dr. and Mrs. C. G. Clippert spent the week end visiting in Detroit.

Bostonian oxfords for men in all sizes and widths, at Olson's. —Adv.

Paul Hendrickson has accepted a position as salesman for the Michigan Public Service company.

W. James Olson and Hal Bursch of Detroit spent the week end visiting relatives of the former.

The Ladies Aid of Michelson Memorial church will meet Friday, June 5th with Mrs. A. J. Joseph.

Jay Skinner of Maple Forest is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Papendick a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Esbern Hanson and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hanson drove to Detroit Tuesday morning for a few days visit.

Dr. R. B. Howard went to Louisville, Ky., Friday to be with his mother who was to submit to an operation Tuesday.

Mrs. A. J. Joseph returned from Detroit Saturday. She was accompanied by her sister Mrs. Ewart and son, William, of Pontiac.

Mr. and Mrs. Addison Lewis of Flint were guests over the week end of Mr. and Mrs. George Colleen and Dr. and Mrs. C. R. Keyport.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Niederer entertained Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lotzkus and Mr. and Mrs. Leo Davis, all of Bay City, over the week end.

Misses Bernice Corwin and Arlene Bein and Messrs. George Hilton and Floyd Tyler, all of Lansing, were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Nels Corwin.

Rev. Ira C. Grabill, pastor of the Free Methodist church of the South Side, reports the marriage of Mr. James Durkee to Bernice Dingwell. The ceremony was performed at the parsonage Tuesday evening.

T. W. Hanson, Clarence Johnson, and Harold McNeven drove to Mio yesterday to attend a committee meeting of the Bay-Strait League. They were accompanied by Mrs. Oscar Hanson and daughter Ella, and Mr. and Mrs. James Stevens.

Mrs. Rolla Howell and Mrs. Enos Jennings gave a surprise party last Saturday evening, in honor of Mrs. Dan Bradow. There were eleven ladies present and they spent a very pleasant evening. Mrs. Bradow received many pretty gifts.

For the past ten days linemen have been busy changing the wiring of the Tri-County Telephone Co. lines in the downtown district. New cables were installed and lines relocated in order to eliminate the poles from the Michigan avenue business district. Jack Clark, the local lineman, says the new system is complete and now in operation. The old poles are down and the business district of Michigan Avenue is now relieved of the appearance of Michigan avenue. from the sight of ugly phone and electric line poles. Both the Telephone Co. and Michigan Public Service Co. deserve the thanks of the people of this community for their cooperation in assisting to improve the appearance of Michigan avenue.

## DID YOU KNOW?

That our largest submarine carries a crew of seven officers and eighty men? Men serving on submarines receive extra pay.

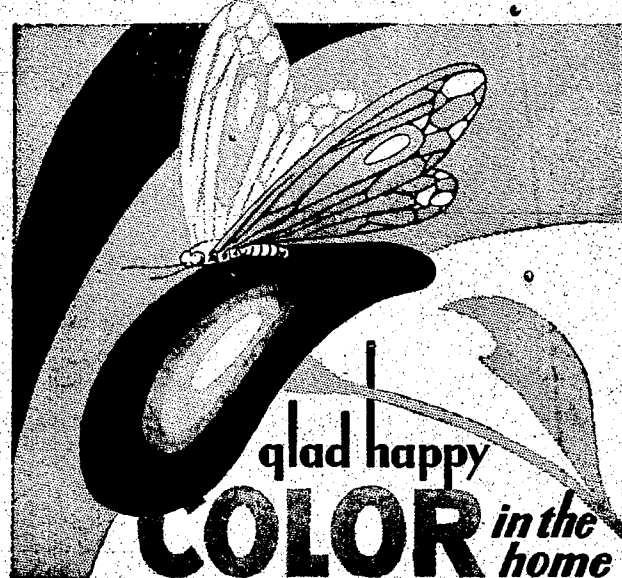
That the Navy has developed a small, efficient plane for submarines? It is so small that it can be dismantled and stored in an 8-foot tube and can be folded up in three minutes.

That many of the larger ships of our Navy are equipped with soda

fountains? The profits from these fountains are expended for the benefit of the enlisted personnel of the Navy.

That the above information was furnished by the U. S. Navy Recruiting Station, 645 Randolph Street, 710 Lawyers Building, Detroit, Mich.

No Chance for Disappointment Blessed is the man who expects nothing, for he shall never be disappointed.—Pope.



MORE smiles—style—in a home that glows with color! Costs little to refinish furniture, floors, woodwork, and it's done with fun by using

**Water Spar**  
Varnish Enamel

Fast-drying, flawless enamel in 26 easy-brushing, solid-hiding colors. Varnish that even hot water can't harm. This store is headquarters for paints—varnish—enamels—brushes!

Remember this is a Red Arrow Place  
Get the Red Arrow Money with your purchase

**Sorenson Bros.**

**Your Trees**

Give them the care they deserve...

WRITE

**A. G. CLOUGH, Tree Expert,**  
GRAYLING, MICH.

60¢ Free Inspection

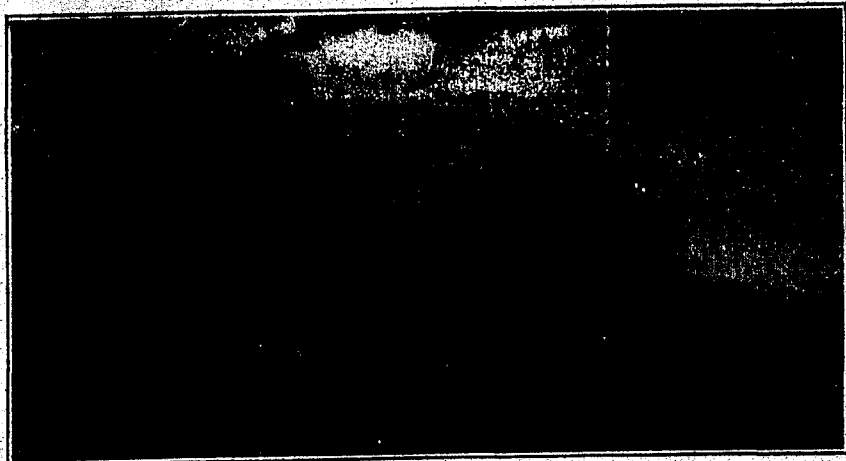
Grayling Hardware



PROVE IT



## The Reliability of This Old Company Is Assured By \$471,351,543<sup>00</sup> Assessable Assets!



June 29th, 1930, a terrible storm swept over the state. This is a picture of the damage done to two barns, 50x100 ft. and 24x100 ft., on the Parkhurst Ranch, 3 miles northeast of Reed City in Osceola County. This company promptly paid the loss, \$1,860.

### Property Owners Should Remember—

This Company has experienced 45 years of successful operation with an increasing membership, having now 107,343 members.

During the past 5 years this company has paid Michigan property owners a yearly average of

\$270,992.36 for windstorm losses.

The officers and directors of this Company are men of ability and extensive experience.

Sufficient Windstorm Insurance with this reliable old Company is a protection against loss!

See One of Our Local Agents or Write the Home Office

## The Michigan Mutual Windstorm Insurance Company

HASTINGS

HOME OFFICE

MICHIGAN

yet questioned his sincerity, nor are there critics of the conscientious, honest methods which he employed to gain his objective. The methods were honest and well-intentioned, but futile. There were those who believed the Governor should make definite recommendations, especially when he insisted that some new forms of revenue be provided to relieve the levy against real property. Being somewhat of an idealist, the chief executive declared that this responsibility was for the legislative branch of the state government. And being without guidance from higher up, the House floundered around, trying to find some new source to shift the burden unto.

It found none, except the malt tax, and this it had to pass over the Governor's veto. He remained consistent, declaring that the taxing of a product known to be used in evading the liquor laws was not ethical. This was the first bill passed over a veto since the time of Gov. Sleeper.

In the closing hours of the session, charges were made in the Senate that the Governor had used the influence of his office to secure the passage of certain legislation, the Culver bill to give the state tax commission power to approve local budgets and the Green bill taxing truck contract carriers. The latter bill was passed but the Culver bill was defeated in the Senate. The Governor made no attempt to conceal his espousal of the Culver bill, as he had sent a special message to the legislature urging that it be passed as a weapon to curb the extravagant use of taxpayers money for local purposes.

### Rod License Fought.

The chief executive had also let it be known that the administration approved the provision for a rod license. As originally passed by the House a \$1.00 fee was provided for all anglers above 18 years of age. After stormy sessions within each House and between the two branches, amendments were agreed to raising the license fee to \$1.75 and applying it only to trout fishermen, and making the non-resident anglers pay \$4.00 instead of \$2.50. Small game licenses were also raised, \$1.25 to \$1.75. The desire to adjourn was responsible for the votes.

Conservation measures, such as the rod license took up more time than did the appropriation measures. Every law-maker has some idea about fishing and most of them have also a pet scheme for hunting. One conservation measure which passed the Senate and died in the House, was the Smith bill providing for the repeal of the Horton law of 1929 allowing for the establishment of private hunting preserves and a 30-day season for pheasant and other birds, permitting the shooting of half the number of birds raised and released by the sportsmen.

### Mortgage Law Defended.

Changes in the mortgage foreclosure proceedings were sought particularly by real estate dealers in the large cities, but two bills simplifying the procedure in order to make buying of mortgaged property more attractive, were killed in the Senate after passage in the House. Michigan publishers and a Detroit taxpayers group opposed the legislation successfully, contending that this was not time to tamper with these laws, when owners of mortgaged property needed assistance, rather than unfavorable legislation.

A total of 279 bills were introduced in the Senate, 628 in the House. Less than 250 were enacted and signed by the Governor.

### FREDERIC NEWS

Mrs. Henry Leeman's niece and family from Flint called on her last Sunday enroute to Alba.

Mrs. Herbert Dodge was taken to Grayling Hospital Saturday afternoon real sick, and passed away during the night. She had been ailing for some time but not thought dangerous. The remains were brought to the home Sunday evening and funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon.

Next Saturday evening a supper will be served at the Town Hall for the benefit of our minister whose salary will be enlarged by the profits. The Ladies Aid will meet at Mrs. McCracken's June third.

Roy Leggett has moved back to Saginaw, having struck a job. Mrs. Oscar Smock is sick at her daughters, Mrs. Gannons, in Grayling.

Mr. E. McCracken entertained his nephew and wife from Alberta over last week end.

A ball game last Sunday on the diamond here was interrupted by the rain, but still there was lots of cheering.

The bachelorette sermon will be delivered next Sunday evening by the M. P. President, Rev. McCue.

Some are happy over the thought of a few days work, especially those who have not had work for seven months or more.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Granger and family of Beaver Creek were visitors at her mother, Mrs. Leeman's Sunday afternoon.

How glad we are to see the afternoon passenger trains, nobody knows. Archie Arnold expects to move in the Gilbert Cramm house very soon.

### LOVELLS NEWS

Miss Nellie Fry has finished her term of school and returned to her home at Roscommon. The pupils and parents went to K. P. Lake on a picnic on the last day. The children are all glad to have Miss Fry back with them next year.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Small are spending a few days at Mio.

Little Margie Caldwell had the misfortune of getting her hand caught in a wringer.

The Kellogg school has closed for vacation. Miss Margaret Husted

gave her pupils a picnic on the last day.

Vern Caid of Detroit is spending the summer in Lovells.

Otis Feldhauser, Virginia Feldhauser, Lewis Stillwagon, Edna Small, Marie McCormick and Elmo Nephew went to Frederic to write on the 7th grade exams. Miss Bessie Small wrote on the 8th grade exams. Edna Small is spending a week with her sisters, who attend high school at Mio.

### CONTEST PROMOTES FARM BEAUTIFICATION PROGRAM

The beautification of the exterior of the farm home has seemed so important in several States that bankers and business men have offered substantial prizes for the best improvements made. The Rural Women, of Lincoln County, Colo., started an improvement contest, sponsored by the county banking association, and the county home-demonstration agent. The contestants were divided into two groups—those in a 1-year contest and those who expected to take three years to accomplish certain improvements. Awards were made on a basis of general appearance, condition of house, outbuildings, and fences, planting of flowers, shrubs, trees, and vines, and even the vegetable garden.

Among the suggestions made for improvements the Lincoln County agent mentions the following in reporting to the United States Department of Agriculture:

"Clean: Back yard, front yard, vacant lots, porches, garages, stockyards, roads, outbuildings.

"Plant: Trees, shrubbery, grass plots, vegetable garden, flower garden, flower boxes.

"Paint: House, fences, outbuildings, screens, porches.

"Miscellaneous: Rubbish piles burned, insect breeding places destroyed, fences repaired, porches and steps repaired, roof repaired, screens repaired, junk and papers properly disposed of, refuse cans provided, old signs removed, shrubbery and trees trimmed."

These suggestions were widely circulated in the county in the form of entry blanks for the contest, and many who did not actually enroll in the competition were stimulated to adopt one or more of the "clean-up" hints as a matter of pride and community consciousness.

### CHEVROLET PRODUCTION HIGH

April production of the Chevrolet Motor Company was 106,000 cars and trucks, more than 20,000 units above the original schedule for the month and within a few thousand units of the output in May, 1930, the biggest production month of last year, W. S. Knudsen, president and general manager, announced today.

The April output falls only 4,000 units below the comparable figure for April, 1930, which was one of the two biggest months of 1930, and compares with 79,603 cars and trucks built in March this year, Mr. Knudsen said.

The output for the month just ended was the first in eleven months that crossed the 100,000 mark. Repeated increases in schedules had to be made during April to keep production in step with the demands of the sales department, as dealer commitments were increased to meet the opening up of retail outlets.

While no schedule for May was announced, it is understood that the company expects to maintain the present high rate of output for at least the current month, with prospects excellent for running ahead of last year's production during the latter spring and summer months.

As a result of the schedule increases during April, a full six-day week, including Saturday afternoons, had to be maintained at certain assembly points. All plants of the company are now operating on a normal average of five and one-half days a week. Employment increased 1,500 men in the month, bringing the current payrolls to above 35,000 men, working on an average week of fifty hours.

April output is believed to have led the industry, and placed Chevrolet in the position of the world's largest manufacturer. A comparable domestic passenger car market, where for the past four months for which registration figures are available Chevrolet fixes led all other makes of passenger cars.

Congress will oppose the proposed plan of military reorganization which contemplates abandoning many army posts. Many representatives will be influenced solely by what they believe to be the best interests of the country. Considering human nature, however, some weight will be given to the fact that the folks in Soldier-Hoosier, if Congressman Hoosier votes to move the army post out of Soldier-ville.

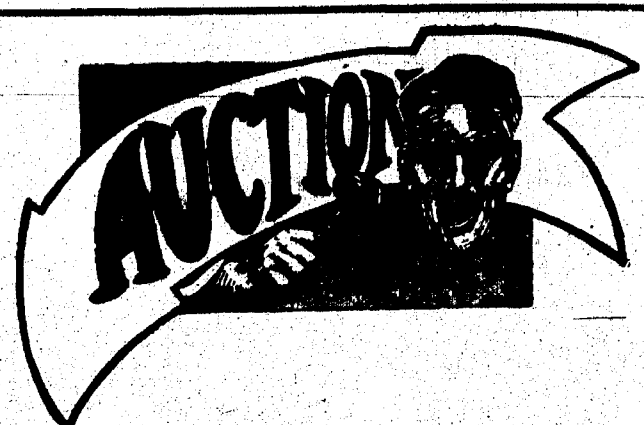
Michigan has been strangely lacking in the type of story and ad writer that makes a mountain out of a molehill. While some states have been giving glowing accounts of their "mountains", any of which we might venture to say could be made on high with a 1926 model, Michigan has been sending out restrained accounts of its undulating country. But Michigan has a mountain. It is the Mountain of Onaway. From its height one can look down upon Canada, on a clear day, and count 80 surrounding towns and villages, a chain of lakes toward the north, Lake Huron to the east, Black Lake to the west, and on every side in the foreground, see the big Norway pines rising majestically to the sky.

Grayling has a spirit that gets into the blood. It is a town that doesn't wait for you to warm up to it, it warms you and before you are there 24 hours, you're a citizen.

James Clyde Gilbert, who would rather write about Michigan than eat, is in Grayling preparatory to taking a trip down the AuSable—James Stevens of "Paul Bunyan" fame has leased a cottage at Lake Margrethe for the summer and has induced Dr. LeBlanc, famous medical scientist, to come along with him.

Talk of roads going through, of the coming tourists fills the air and T.

Sold by Mac & Gidley, druggists.



## THE Next Red Arrow Auction

WILL BE HELD AT TEMPLE THEATRE

Friday, May 29th

8 P. M. O'CLOCK.

All auction blocks will close against further bidding at 5 o'clock on Thursday, May 28.

38 articles of high class auction merchandise, having a value of about \$121.41, will be sold to the high bidders at this auction.

The Handicraft contest held at the Danebod Hall Tuesday and Wednesday of this week created a great deal of interest. Many beautiful pieces in embroidery and other needle work was on exhibit. Among this class was a baby bonnet made by Mrs. O. Palmer before 1840. Another interesting lot of articles were those made by blacksmiths and lumberjacks during the lumbering days of the past, also several pictures of early pioneer days in Grayling.

All prize winners will be announced and the prizes awarded at the Red Arrow Auction.

### RED ARROW PLACES

When You Spend a Dollar here~  
You get a RED ARROW dollar back~

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Grayling Hardware

Cooley's Gift Shop

Economy Store

H. Petersen, Grocer

Alfred Hanson Service Station

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RED ARROW SERVICE CO., SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

## The Log Office Says

Interesting bits of news and comment about Northeastern Michigan gathered by the E. M. T. A.

Come on in, the water's fine. It used to be that a bathing girl was just a bathing girl but times have changed. Today no story, no advertisement, no billboard is complete without adornment of the feminine form. The bathing girl has come to symbolize snap, dash, form, color and perhaps more than anything else, the good old summertime with the tourist on the road.

The Blue Book is out. The 1932 edition of the E. M. T. A. book of recommended hotels, clubs and cottages is telling its story to association members and inquirers these days. It contains strip advertisements and is profusely illustrated with map showing varied routes throughout the territory. It's as valuable as your road map.

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David Belasco is dead at 77. His name as a producer of plays is a household word. He will be missed by the millions whose entertainment was promoted by his genius. It was David Belasco's request that the actors in his theatre be kept in ignorance of his death until the play was over. Monuments will crumble, but the continuing play will remain to perpetuate his memory.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

A true copy.  
George Sorenson,  
Judge of Probate.

5-28-4

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